Hamas vows to avoid Palestinian bloodshed

GAZA CITY (AFP) — The Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas vowed to fight Israel and avoid Palestinian bloodshed a week after a Palestinian police officer was killed in a clash with the group's it litants. "Hamas has given orders to its fighters ... not to engage in battles with the Palestinian police, never to be the first to shoot the even when faced with death, and to train their weapons against the Jews." the group said in a statement released overnight Saturday. Police Lieutenant-Colonel Yussri Al Hams, 45, was killed during an attempt to arrest two wanted members of Hamas's armed wing, Izzedin Al Qassam, at Rafah in the Gaza Strip on Sept. 17. Two Hamas activists were also wounded. Hamas said Palestinian police shot their own officer, while the police said the Islamic hardliners opened fire. Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat later met with two leaders of the group, Mahmond Zahar and Ismail Hanya, in a bid to resolve differences. "As for our relations with our people, it is one of understanding and negotiation," the Hamas statement said.
"We will bear injustice and bitterness, even when we are imprisoned by our people, and we will be patient in the face of injuries and martyrdom" inflicted by the Palestinian police.

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية ،الراي،

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Sudan offered France Carlos or Abu Nidal

LONDON (AFP) — France turned down an offer by Sudan to capture Abu Nidal, a Palestinian suspected of masterminding

more than 90 international attacks, and instead chose "Carlos the Jackal," the Sunday Times newspaper reports. Sudan told France

that Abu Nidal was staying as a guest with Carlos in Khartoum and

wanted his help to get a residence permit to stay in Sudan after being tossed out of Libya, the paper said. But after "weeks of intense negotiations" on the choice by "high-ranking French and Sudanese intelligence officers," the French picked Carlos because

"he had been implicated in the murder of two French intelligence agents in 1975," the paper said, quoting security sources. Carlos,

44, was spirited out of Khartoum last month and brought to Paris.

The deal between France and Sudan emerged in documents which

the Sunday Times said it saw after they were "passed to M16"

British intelligence. Both governments denied a deal was offered for the capture of Carlos. However, the documents show France gave Sudan, in exchange for Carlos, "satellite photographs that led to the bombing of refugee camps in southern Sudan, causing civilian casualties."

Volume 18 Number 5725 AMMAN MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1994, RABI' ALTHANI 20, 1415

Egypt to ask Jordan to join regional tourism body

CAIRO (AFP) — Egypt will ask Jordan to join a regional association aimed at boosting tourism which it set up with Israel and Turkey last year, Egypt's Middle East News Agency reported Sunday. Egyptian Tourism Minister Mamdouh Al Beltagui will discuss the plan during a visit to Amman beginning Monday, MENA said. He will visit Israel on Wednesday. Mr. Beltagui said Cyprus, Greece, Syria, Lebanon, Jordan and Palestine could all join the East Mediterranean Trurism Association set up by Egypt, Israel and Turkey in London last November. It was aimed at promoting tourism in the region and improving the tourist infrastructure of the member countries. A tourism ministry official said Saturday Mr. Beltagui would visit Israel Wednesday to discuss the future of tourism in the region "after peace has been established.

Iraq accuses IAEA of bias over Israel

NICOSIA (AFP) - Iraq on. Sunday accused the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) of double standards for resuming technical aid for Israel's civilian nuclear programme while Baghdad remained under a U.N. embargo. The official daily Al Jumhuriya said Iraq, an IAEA member, had fulfilled United Nations resolutions on the destruction of its recons and long-term monitoring without any easing of sanctions in return. Yet the IAEA was prepared to "support a country (Israel) which does not respect its rules," the paper said. The zi IAEA, a l specialised agency, voted Fri-day to reestablish technical tance to Israel. Technical aid was suspended in 1981 following the Israeli bombing of Iraq's Tamuz nuclear reactor. "The U.N. encourages countries to support Israel's military nuclear programme while it has sent 26 teams to Iraq, who carried out 634 inspections, especially at sites unconnected with Iraq's nuc-lear programme," Al

Police remove **Jews from Haram** Al Sharif

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israeli police dragged about 20 Jewish protestors away from the Haram Al Sharif complex on Sunday after they attempted to block a najor tourist entrance to the site. The demonstrators from the "Temple Mount Faithful" movement sat on a walkway leading up to the site after Israeli police refused to allow them to enter as a group. They kicked and yelled when they were forcibly removed. The group had successfully petitioned the supreme court last week to be allowed to enter. But police said the protestors could only enter in pairs, said Roland Dayan, the top police officer for Jerusalem's holy places.

Kuwait court to rule on Bush plot

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait's top court will sit in October to consider whether five Iragis and a Kuwaiti sentenced to death on charges of plotdent George Bush should be executed, a senior official said. "The prosecution has filed the case to the cassation court to ratify the death sentences," Attorney General Dierar Al Asousi told Reuters. "It (the prosecution) has accepted the rulings issued by the state security court." The fig lraqis and one Kuwaiti were sentenced to death by a state security court in June on charges of plotting to blow Mr. Bush up during a visit to the emirate in April 1993. Six Iracis and one Kuwaiti were given jail terms ranging from six months to 12 years. Another Kuwaiti was acquit-

Haiti forces abandon barracks; U.S. Marines kill 10 in shootout

CAP-HAITIEN, Haiti (Agencies) — Haitian soldiers and police abandoned their posts throughout the city as authority collapsed Sunday in Cap-Haitien. Hundreds of civilians ransacked police stations and military barracks, carrying off guns, identity cards, even musical instruments.

The spontaneous uprising came a day after Marines killed 10 armed men outside a police station in the first deadly clash between Haitians and American troops sent to restore the elected government.

In the capital of Port-au-Prince, a source close to the Haitian military said army commander General Cedras was en route to Cap Haitien on Sunday to investigate the Saturday night firefight.

Looting crowds seized man was seen being dragged huge caches of weapons Sun- away in a headlock by a day, and some limited gunfire was heard in the morning, but many people appeared to be voluntarily handing the weapons over to the Marines. No casualties were seen.

The main military barracks, main police station and about a dozen smaller posts were abandoned. At the barracks, everything appeared looted, even tubas and trombones from the military band, which some Haitians played in the streets.

The Marines, hearing the sounds of some guns that were apparently being fired in the air, stormed the main military barracks, met no resistance and secured it. The crowds were mainly

calm. However, AP photographer Hans Dery said one away in a headlock by a crowd. When he asked where the man was being taken, an unidentified Haitian said, "they will be judged."

Another man displayed bullets from an M-1 clip in a magazine. He was directed to nearby Marines in an armoured personnel carrier. and then handed his newfound treasure over. "I give, I give" he said,

down as much as possible," said the marine who received the ballets. He said Haitians all over this city of 75,000 were turning in rifles, pistols, and semi-

"We're trying to calm this

with a big smile.

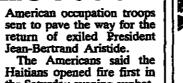
tomatic weapons including M-18 and some Uzis. Just hours earlier, Haitian authorities clashed with

au-Prince said Haitians fired first after being provoked, but said Marines then sprayed the station, killing policemen who were playing dominoes inside.

Major Steve Little, a seriously wounded was flown

in connection with our mission in Haiti, but it must be clear that U.S. forces are prepared to respond to hostile action against them and will do so," President Clinton said Sunday in New York. "We will continue to work with Haitian military authorities for a peaceful transi-

by a long siege as Marines tried to persuade two men inside, believed to be policemen wounded in the shooting, to give themselves up. Colonel Steve Hartley, the battalion commander who arrived on the scene minutes after Saturday's deadly clash, said the platoon from Echo Company had stopped across the street from the police station on its evening patrol.



the Saturday evening gunbattle. A military source in Port-

Marine spokesman, said 10 Haitians were killed. Another Haitian who wasto the USS Wasp, a helicopter assault ship, for treat-

It was not clear whether the 10 dead men were police or "attaches," civilian strongmen backed by the police. "We regret any loss of life

The firefight was followed

out of the station, "words (Continued on page 7)

Rabin, Arafat agree to push ahead with self-rule results

EREZ, Gaza Strip (Agencies) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat agreed Sunday to launch negotiations a week on Monday on the next stage of autonomy, including army redeployment and elections.

Mr. Rabin said the two

sides would focus on elections to an autonomy council when they meet in Egypt. "We did not discuss dates

(for elections), we discussed dates for negotiations and these will be next Monday in Cairo," Mr. Rabin told a press conference at the Erez checkpoint into the Gaza

Strip.
The negotiations would also cover the spread of autonomy beyond Gaza and Jericho across the West-Bank, the withdrawal of Israeli troops from built-up Palestinian areas, border

crossings and security issues. Displaying a rapport that was noticeably absent in previous encounters, Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat addressed lingering fears in the other's

camp.
Mr. Rabin pledged commitment to the process Palestinians expect to result in a state, and Mr. Arafat promised to redouble efforts to curb anti-Israel attacks by opponents of peace.

In a gesture that reflected the new warmth in the relationship, Mr. Arafat presented Mr. Rabin with an ancient Torah scroll from Yemen and praised him for the improved spirit of coopera-

But the old enemies avoided the thorny issues that will emerge in detailed negotiations to begin Oct. 3 in Cairo, agreeing only to reconvene here in a month to examine the progress.

Mr. Rabin said negotiations were necessary to determine the nature of the elected body and to coordinate an orderly pullout of Israeli troops from West

Hamas movement although the group denied responsi-Bank cities.
"We are for elections,"
Mr. Rabin said. "But we Mr. Arafat issued an un-

of the attack.

"We are completely against all kinds of terrorism," he said. "We are doing

our best to prevent such

attacks. We have promised to

increase all our capabilities

... to prevent such attacks. It

hole peace process.

unu<u>sually</u> cordial.

same boat."

Rabin said.

added.

a challenge against the

Sunday's summit, the fifth

between Mr. Rabin and Mr.

Arafat since their historic handshake on the White

House lawn a year ago, was

"There was a positive and even friendly atmosphere," said Israeli Environment

Minister Yossi Sarid, who

was present at the meeting.

"Both sides are adjusting to

the realisation they are in the

differences but I believe that

the spirit and mood was

cooperation with the purpose

to overcome these obstacles

of misunderstanding," Mr.

will carry on our coordination

The negotiations remain in

the framework of the deciara-

tion of principles for Palesti-

nian self-government, which

called for redeployment of

Israeli troops from built-up

areas by the eve of elections,

originally due on July 13. Israel handed over respon-

sibility for education on the

West Bank in August, but

has demanded that the

Palestinians have a budget to

cover operating costs before.

devolving power over taxa-

tion, tourism, social welfare

and cooperation."

"There are here and there

have to know what will be elected, what will be the spheres of the elected body as well as the question of redeployment." Palestinians want a quasi-

parliament with about 100 members, but Israel insists last September's autonomy agreement provides only for a cabinet-like administrative

The Israel-PLO agreement envisioned elections in July extend self-rule beyond the Gaza Strip and Jericho. The deadline was not met, and Mr. Arafat proposed Nov. 1 instead.

But with the Palestinians presently lacking even a population registry, the process left little room to meet such a deadline.

Asked if Nov. 1 was still sible, Mr. Arafat replied:

"I hope so." Israeli officials have sugested the vote cannot be held before next summer because of the myriad complica-tions of withdrawing Israeli troops from West Bank towns. The accord requires an Israeli pullout before bal-

A hasty withdrawal could spark increased friction between the West Bank's nearly one million Arabs and 120,000 Jewish settlers.

Mr. Rabin also faces strong domestic opposition to extending Palestinian control to the West Bank.

Topping Israel's summit genda was concern over bloodshed that has persisted despite the peace accord. Mr. Rabin has warned the PLO to rein-in the hardliners or he would delay extending auton-

Underscoring the difficulties, the summit came shortafter a Jewish settler in Gaza, 17-year-old Yaacov Fischer, was stabbed and wounded. The assailant carried a leaflet from the Islamic

Mixed for Kohl in Bavaria usually stern condemnation

MUNICH (Agencies) — The ruling Christian Social Union (CSU), sister party to Chan-cellor Helmut Kohl's Christian Democrats, retained its absolute majority to win Bavaria's state election on Sunday, exit polls showed.

The poll for ARD television gave the conservative party 54 per cent, just down from its 1990 result of 54.9 But Mr. Kohl's other ally

in his coalition, the Free Democrats, crashed out of the Bavarian assembly with ony three per cent, under the five per cent minimum, after 5.2 per cent in 1990. The opposition Social

Democrats (SPD) rose to 30 per cent from 26 per cent in 1990 while the Greens teetered on the edge with five per cent after 6.4 per cent in

The far-right Republicans also failed to enter parliament, winning only three per cent after 4.9 per cent in 1990, the exit poll said. The CSU, which has ruled

"Within a month we will Bavaria for the last 37 years, meet again here to try to see was expected easily to beat where we stand," Mr. Rabin the Social Democrats on a high turn-out increasing the Mr. Arafat also said their score of both main parties talks Sunday were "posicompared with the last election for the Munich assem-We are committed combly, in 1990. pletely ... we hope that we Pre-election surveys gave

the CSU well over 50 per cent Slightly battered by corruption scandals in recent years, the CSU has lately bounced back under the leadership of state Premier Edmund Stoiber, while the SPD has a flamboyant woman leader in Bavaria, Renate Schmidt.

Television stations said the Free Democrats' elimination from the assembly in Munich confirmed a national decline of the liberal party with possibly far-reaching implications for the federal government in



His Majesty King Hussein, accompanied by international force in Halti; (below) the King Public Security Department chief General meets with the departing policemen (photos by Abdul Rahman Adwan, on Sunday inspects a Yousef Al 'Allan) police unit before its departure to join the

olice unit leaves for Haiti

AMMAN (J.T.) — A team of 150 Jordanian policemen, including 30 officers, left Amman on Sunday to join a U.S.-led United Nations peacekeeping force in

His Majesty King Hussein inspected the forces, who were dressed in full military gear, before they set off for Port-au-Prince. "I am proud of you and have full confidence that you will carry out your peacekeeping duties in the best manner, King Hus-

sein told the unit. King Hussein, supreme nian Armed Forces, expressed confidence that the Jordanian troops will live up to the hopes and confidence placed in them. The King wished them every success and reiterated his pride and that of every Jordanian in them.

King Hussein said Jordan ranked fifth in worldwide contribution of army and police personnel to U.N.peacekeeping operations. They serve in troubled areas from Bosnia and Croatia to Mozambique.

"You will help maintain peace and security, and with the experience you de-

veloped, you will help train (local police) cadres to enable them to continue their role in the future," the King told the men, clad in dark blue uniforms and anti-riot helmets.

U.S. ambassador Wesley Egan and senior Jordanian officials watched under a blazing sun as King Hussein inspected the 30 officers and 120 privates. Most of the men, who shouted "Long live the King." speak either English or French.

Earlier this month, U.S.

(Continued on page 7)





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مِلَدًا عند الأصل

Amid signs of reconciliation, Algeria puts bounty on militants

ALGIERS (AP) — Government and Muslim fundamentalist officials have offered conciliatory words to restart talks on ending a bloody insurgency. But authorities have also toughened their stand against militant leaders by offering a bounty for their capture.

The president's spokesman was on television Friday, re-ferring to the still-banned Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) and calling for elections. A government newspaper Saturday reported daily meetings by front leaders released from prison, and a front spokesman soberly called for a "solution to the CTISIS.

The gestures came after a tourth round of talks between the military-backed govern-and five legal opposition parties ended Tuesday without a final communique or another meeting date.
Hopes of conciliation

rose after Preside. * Limine Zeroual shifted Abassi Madani and Ali Belhadi, the FIS' president and vice president, from prison to house arrest Sept. 13.

An estimated 10,000 people have died since the government cancelled January 1992 elections in which voters, fed up with corruption and unemployment, were expected to hand the FIS a

Officials of the front say Mr. Madani and Mr. Belhadj, still held in a secret location, consider themselves still jailed and would not

The talks "will continue,"

S. Arabia

reports of

DUBAI (R) - Saudi Arabia

said opposition reports of

arrests and disorder in the

kingdom were "lies and mis-

The official Saudi Press

Agency quoted Prince

leading information."

rejects

arrests,

unrest

said presidential spokesman Mihoub Mihoubi. Speaking on national government TV, he said the most important issue was "new elections, so that the decision is once again made by the people."

Mr. Mihoubi, whose government has in the past referred to the fundamentalist opposition as "terrorists." said the necessary conditions existed "for the FIS to clearly express its position and contribute to appeasing the situa-

The presidency aims to "intensify bilateral consultations before setting a date for a new multiparty meeting."
Meanwhile, the government daily Essalem reported

Saturday that Mr. Madani and Mr. Belhadi were receiving visitors every Wednesday.

The paper quoted Ahmad Kerfah, president of the Movement of the Islamic Message, as saying the two leaders appeared "determined to find solutions to the problems of the country" when he met with them. The paper quoted Mr. Ker-

in as saying the FIS leaders still demanded "rehabilitation of the FIS, total liberty of movement for the two leaders and possibility for the party's consultative council to

FIS spokesman Rabah Kebir said in an interview that the party is "convinced of the need to work out a' solution to the crisis" in

Algeria.

Quoted in Saturday's edition of the Algerian daily Al
Khabar, Mr. Kebir also

sooke of the need to talk with armed groups. But he added: The ideas that concern us are fought for by ideas and

The government kept up its battle with militants, however, reporting killing 30 of them from Monday to Thursday.

Authorities announced a reward of three million dinars (\$85,000) for the capture of Said Makhloufi, one of the two chiefs of the Islamic Salvation Army, the armed wing of the FIS, said an official source speaking on condition of anonymity

The capture of salvation army's number two, Abdul Kader Chebouti, had a bounty of two million dinars (\$55,000), the source said. The government was offering 2.5 million dinars (\$70,000) for the capture of Cherif Goussii, head of the Armed Islamic Group, or his assistant, Kamel Zitouni.

The Armed Islamic Group has waged a bloody campaign that has included killing foreigners has been criticised by

Fifty-nine foreigners have been killed since September year in an attempt to destabilise a government dependent on foreign capital and know-how.

In another development, the government announced subsidies next year of 148 billion dinars (\$4 billion) for overstaffed state-owned comvanies. Between 1991 and 1994, 400 billion dinars (\$11 billion) were allocated for

U.N. shows acceptance of Israel — Yaacobi

foreign ministers are heading for the United Nations and the Israeli ambassador is brimming with excitement. For Gad Yaacobi, the

three-weeks of speeches and meetings that open the General Assembly will also showcase his country's increasing acceptance by the international community and bring him closer to his dream of an Israeli at peace with its neighbours and embraced by the world.

Just a few years ago, Israel

was shunned at the United

Nations and resolutions were

routinely passed lashing out

at the country's policies.

Arab delegates routinely

walked out when Israel's rep-

talks with its Arab neigh-

bours and signing a peace

accord with the Palestinians

last September, Israel has

been increasingly welcomed

"I am takign part in the

realisation of my own

dreams," Mr. Yaacobi siad.

another step in normalising

Israel's relationship with the

When Mr. Peres addresses

the General Assembly on

Thursday "One or two mem-

bers will leave the hall,' Mr.

Yaacobi said. "Five or six

years ago 20 to 30 delegates

hosting in honour of Mr.

A reception Mr. Yaacobi is

would have left."

international community."

'The next week will be.

at the United Nations.

But since opening peace

resentative rose to speak.

Ahmad Ben Abdul Aziz, de-"I took part in the struggle puty interior minister, as saying on Saturday when for peace...and for me it is a celebration. Yaacobi said. As he spoke he "Saudi citizens are familiar with what is going on and this thumbed through a list of the is enough as far as we are 25 foriegn ministers and heads of state that Israeli concerned. Foreign Minister Shimon "As for the outside world Peres plans to meet while in New York.

there are many lies and misleading information by one quarter or the other who have their own goals... and those have become boring and incredible," he said.

"This is an open country, its citizens know what is going on. The reality is known by those who are... rational and genuine," he said. "This country will remain blessed as long as its citizens follow the Holy Book and their wise leadership which is acting in accordance with public interest."

Saudi Interior Minister Etimos Navef Ben Abdul Aziz said on Wednesday there was "complete security" in the kingdom.

Diplomats in the kingdom said recent reports of disturbances and mass arrests in Saudi Arabia were exaggerated and there was no danger to foreigners, although the British and U.S. embassies advised their nationals to be cautious.

UNITED NATIONS (AP) Peres is expected to draw representatives from more than 100 countries, including officials from countries with which Israel does not yet

> have relations. "The accessability is greater, the tension has decreased a lot," Mr. Yaacobi said, reflecting on his two years in

Mr. Yaacobi is also finding common ground with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), once one of Israel's staunchest foes. Mr. Yaacobi is working with the PLO's observer and the Egyptian ambassador on a moves towards peace. The three diplomats have agreed to coordinate efforts to block resolutions criticial of the peace accords.

But Mr. Yaacobi only smiles when asked about his personal relationship with PLO observer Nasser Al Kidwa. When pressed he merely describes thier meetigns as 'very businesslike" although he says his wife Nella sometimes calls Mr. Kidwa's wife Christine to chat.

Israel, which once routine-ly ignored U.N. resolution and regarded the world body with hostility, is also increasing its commitment to the United Nations.

Israel is sending 30 volunteers to the U.N. force that will be stationed in Haiti and three Israelis were recently elected to U.N. posts.

"Israel now understands the importance of the international community in mobilising goodwill and support for Middle East development," Mr. Yaacobi said.

But some critics have questioned whether a confident Israel at relative peace will begin to lose support with its closest ally — the American Jewish community.



Arafat presents Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin with an ancient scroll of the Jewish (AFP photo)

meeting at Erez checkpoint (see page one)

1,220 suspects charged over 50 attacks — Cairo paper

CAIRO (AFP) - Egyptian authorities have charged a total 1,220 suspected Islamic militants in connection with 50 attacks committed by the fundamentalist Al Gamaa Al Islamiyah group, the Al Gumhuriya daily reported

The arrests were made fol-lowing the shooting by police here five month's ago of the head of the organisation's military wing, Talaat Yasmin Hammam, and the discovery of intelligence concerning its membership.

Also found in 45 separate caches were 50 explosive devices, a quantity of automatic weapons and 600,000 Egyp-tian pounds (\$180,000), the newspaper said.

In another report, the governmental daily Al Ahram said Sunday that a suspected leader of the Islamic militant Al Jihad group was arrested at the Egyptian-Libyan border.

Hisham Abaza, "one of the most dangerous fundamentalist leaders," was arrested at the border post of Salum as he tried to return to Egypt from Libya, the newspaper said. Mr. Abaza, who received

mutary trainm tan, was one of the leaders of Al Jihad's military wing in the Sharqiya region in northern Egypt, the paper said. He set up a "terrorist group" in the region after meeting Algerian Islamic militants, Al Ahram said

without giving a date for his visit to Algeria. Mr. Abaza was also in contact with Al Jihad's military leader Ayman Al Zawahri, sentenced to death in his absence by an Egyptian court and currently sheltering in

Switzerland, according to the Meanwhile, police said another Al Jihad militant serving a five-year prison sentence died Saturday from a liver complaint, police said

Mohammad Abdul Saltam Darwish, 30, died at the Kast Al Eini hospital where he had been taken for treatment, they said.

He was sentenced by a Cairo military court in 1993 in one of four trials of people in the military wing of the fundamentalist Al Jihad group, responsible notably for the 1981 assassination of President Anwar Sadat.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

NEWS IN BRIEF

32 die, 70 injured in Algerian floods

ALGIERS (AFP) - At least 32 people have died and 70 have been injured with dozens of others reported missing in floods and torrential rain, according to the latest official count Sunday. Officials in the eastern region of Bordj Bou Arreridj said 13 had died and 49 were injured, while 260 families had lost their homes. In the western region of Tiaret 10 people were killed and 13 families were left homeless. In addition three were killed in Bouira, two in M'sila, two in Medea, one in Naama and one in Tissemsilt. In Naama 24 people were hurt when a bus overturned. Hundreds of homes, shops and roads have been damaged by the flood waters which are two meters high in Bordj Bou Arreridj. Houses and cars have been almost entirely covered by mud, according to television pictures.

Golan hunger-striker hospitalised

GAMLA, Occupied Golan Heights (AFP) - One of a dozen hunger-strikers protesting at Israel's offer to return part of the Golan Heights to Syria was taken to hospital on Sunday. Sammy Bar Lev, mayor of Katzrin, the biggest Israeli settlement on the plateau, fainted after two weeks on what protestors have billed as a hunger strike. He was taken to Tiberias hospital on the other side of the Sea of Galilee in Israel but announced that he would be back after treatment. Eleven colleagues continued their fast, although in fact the group are taking water and vegetable soup. The Golan settlers say about 100,000 Israelis have been to the spectacular cliff-top site at Gamla to show their support and several thousand people are expected to stage a token one-day fast on Wednesday. The strike was launched after Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin announced he had offered Syria a "marginal" withdrawal from the Golan over three years in return for peace.

Kazakh president visits S. Arabia

JEDDAH (AFP) — Kazakh President Nursultan Nazarbayev arrived in Jeddah on the Red Sea Sunday for a three-day visit aimed at boosting economic cooperation with Saudi Arabia. Saudi officials said Mr. Nazarbayev was he to discuss trade and regional and international iss with King Fahd. He was accompanied by a high-level Kazakh government delegation. A meeting with Hamed Al Gabid, head of the Jeddah-based Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC), was also planned, the officials

Four Somalis killed in fighting

MOGADISHU (R) - Faction fighting in Somalia at the weekend killed four people and wounded seven, a United Nations spokesman in Mogadishu said on Sunday. Those killed in the clash in Bossaso on Saturday included the commissioner of the northeastern Gardho district, said Mohammad Haji, and a bodyguard of General Mohammad Abshir of the Somali Salvation Democratic Front (SSDF). U.N. officials said two rival wings of the SSDF were vying for control of Bossaso, the main port of northeast Somalia. and the clash appeared to be linked to the struggle between them. Two rival warlords each claim to lead the SSDP.

UAE has largest Japanese community in Mideast

ABU DHABI (AFP) — The United Arab Emirates (UAE) has become home to the largest Japanese community in the Middle East, as hundreds of Japanese have streamed in to do business in the oil-rich Gulf state, officials said on Sunday. Around 1,100 Japanese now work in the UAE while 70 Japanese companies have opened branches here, Japanese ambassador to the UAE Shen Watanabe told reporters. "Due to the developed economic ties between the two countries, the number of Japanese working in the UAE has largely increased and they now form the biggest Japanese community in the Middle East,' he said. Japan is the top importer of UAE oil, receiving around 25 per cent of its total oil imports from the UAE. It also has more than \$1.5 billion in oil and industrial investment as well as distribution units in Dubai free zone.

Al Islah supports multi-party system

SANAA (AFP) — The Mus-lim fundamentalist party Al Islah on Saturday vowed to support the multi-party system in Yemen, at the end of its first general congress which also called for democracy along Islamic lines.

In a statement here the party announced its commitment to a multi-party system to "promote political stabil-ity" in Yemen after its May-July civil war. It also called for "democra-

cy based on the Shura" or Islamic consultation, and filled its newly-elected con-sultative council and political bureau with Muslim Brotherhood leaders.

Some 10 political parties are active in Yemen where Al

Islah, President Ali Abdullah Saleh's General People's Congress (GPC) and the Yemen Socialist Party (YSP) make up the ruling coalition.

Al Islah, strengthened by the alliance with the GPC,

emerged from the civil war aiming to increasing its influence and capitalise on the defeat of the socialists, its arch-rivals.

Northern troops captured Aden on July 7 after two months of war, ending a bid by followers of former Vice-President and YSP leader Ali Salem Al Beidh to form a breakaway state in the south.

While stressing "the development of brotherly relations between Al Islah and the GPC," Al Islah delegates called on the government to wipe out the after-effects of the totalitarian regime and socialist culture" of the YSP, which ruled former South Yemen before it merged with the North in 1990.

south of the country is plans to reactivate lila institutions put on hold

However, southerners almost completely absertion Al Islah's newly-cleci consultative council a tical bureau, which dominated by the Mi Brotherhood which found the party together we powerful northern tribeane and Yemen's leading ch servative traders in 1990. Party leader Sheikh Abda lah Al Ahmar was given a new four-year mandate by the congress, which one

on Tuesday. The Brotherhood's in fluential leader Abdiil Maid Zindani, also member of the Yemen's ruling presid council, was named head of Al Islah's 100-member con-

Several other Muslim Brotherhood officials wine elected on to the party by the consultative com The new Al Islah leadership told reporters it setting up an alliance with he GPC. "There is no altern-

tive to this alliance in the near future," said Sheiti Abdul Wahab Ai Ansi, depa ty secretary-general.

He added: "Without a terfering in internal after the YSP must adopt a cla and frank position" toward

its former leaders.
Most YSP leaders flexing exile at the end of the and and the party has elected a new leadership while re to evict the exiles.

U.S. pilot denies dereliction in Iraq downing incident radar plane had transmi

BERLIN (AP) — The air force pilot charged with negligent homicide in the downing of two U.S. belicopters over northern Iraq spoke out Saturday, insisting he is innocent and was not derelict on that fateful April day. Lieutenant-Colonel Randy

W. May said that while "terribly sorry" for the "unthink-able heartache" felt by the loved ones of the 26 people killed in the accidental shootdown, he rejects any criminal culpability. "My decision to fire was

the last action in a long chain of events involving a number of people and agencies. Numerous errors occurred in that chain of events. The decision to fire was based on human error," Col. May

Col. May, a squadron commander, suggested in a statement released by his lead defence counsel — his first response to the charges announced Sept. 8 - that the main fault lay outside his cocknit: The mission we flew was

not conducted haphazardly, but was performed in a disciplined manner as planned and briefed," said Col. May. "There were mistakes

made at many different levels," Col. May's attorney, Air Force Captain Earl Martin, said in a telephone interview. The Pentagon has not denied this, but only Col. May has been charged with negligent homicide.

Col. May was flying with a lower-ranking F-15 pilot who visually misidentified the two U.S. Black Hawk choppers as Iraqi Hinds violating the no-fly zone set up to protect Kurds from Iraqi air attack, the Pentagon says. Officers on an AWACS

message to the jet fight that the two pilots inte-preted as confirmation the helicopters were Iraqi. In to determine electronic whether the helicopters of friendly. Receiving no epihe fired the radar-guided in sile that downed the fa Black Hawk.

Col. May then fired to missile that destroyed to second U.S. chopper. Everybody aboard the molecular helicopters was killed — 13 including military offices from Britain, France and

Turkey. A Pentagon study releg in July said controller aboard the AWACS plant knew there were two US helicopters in the area failed to notify the F-15 pin of this when the fighter pilot reported seeing two day

Five officers aboard AWACS plane were charge with dereliction of duty in April 14 incident Col. Mar lead pilot was neither ni nor charged.

the military nearly 20 years is sequestered with his and two children at his look base in Spangdahlem, 66 many and faces the mine equivalent of a grand hearing on Nov. 7. Capt. Martin said his d

was confident he will cleared of the charges but of not want to speak to the act media — at least until thearing, which he said military has decided to the to the public. It is to be be at Sembach air base in Germany, headquarters of 17th Air Force, said 🕮 Martin.

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME TWO .. Pif Et Hercuk 18:45 19:80 19:30 28:00 20:30 21:10 News in Arabi 22:00 22:29 DOAVED TIMES

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	CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifleh, Tcl. 810740 St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Saile Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366 Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annusciation Tel. 623541.

Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. Armeni 771331. 652526. gregation Tel. 684195
The Latter-Day State Con-Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 654932 with of Nazarene Tcl.675691.

WEATHER

Agunan Tel. 811295

supplied by the Depart-Temperatures are expected to drop with clouds appearing at low attitudes and a chance of showers. Winds will be light and variable

becoming northwesterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly 25 / 37 16 /34

TELEPHONE

AMMAN: Fayez Dabbas Mustafa Harzallah Firas pharmacy
Ferdows pharmacy
Al Asema pharmacy
Nairoukh pharmacy
Al Salam pharmacy 77833 637055 644945 637660 Dr. Akram Al Momani 248795

ZARQA: Dr. Tareq Hijjawi

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

EMERGENCIES

630341 ic Police 192, 621111, 63777 775121 Public Security Department Hotel Complaints ... Price Complaints ... Annan Municipality
Complaints 897467 Telephone Information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls Central Amman Telephone 121 680100 815615

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Jabal Amman Maternity ... 642362 Malhas, J. Amman 636140 Palestine, Shmeisani 66417114 Zarga Govt, Hospital (09)983323

Princess Bassaa Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Naices Hospital

FOR THE TRAVELLER

(09)986732 (09)990990

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be veri-ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ)

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Other Flights (Terminal 2)

... Muscat, Abu Dhabi (GF) Dubai (EM Beirut (add) (ME

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Col. May, who has been





er Majesty Queen Noor on Sunday visits an Irbid project of the General Federation of Jordanian Women (Photo by

Queen visits GFJW income-generating project

MMAN (J.T.) — Her esty Queen Noor, the norary president of the neral Federation of Jordan Women (GFJW), Sunyisited Irbid to review the gress of the "Income nerating Food-Processing terprise" sponsored by the TW, according to a Royal urt statement.

The food-processing pro-t was started in 1993 to ivide domestic-style meals working women, create ployment opportunities underprivileged women i generate additional inne to help families meet ir basic needs and raise ir standards of living. The project provides the GFJW with a sustainable source of income to improve and expand their services, and to finance other development projects for women, the

statement said.

To promote self-reliance, the project also offers courses in textiles, sewing embroidery, flower arrangement, music and art, and offers poor women small loans to start individual incomegenerating projects. The project further serves its whole community by providing free medical days and intensive Tawjihi evening classes for students.

Queen Noor distributed certificates to 16 of the project's outstanding graduates and opened the project's new building which will house a

The Queen also opened an exhibition of products manufactured at the project and toured its classrooms and

Queen Noor spoke with the women and commended them on their effort and dedication. She expressed her hope that the project would provide a model of individual commitment, seif-reliance and community service to meet the development needs of the people in harmony with the country's natural en-

The Queen also inaugu-

rated the Eidun Ladies Association kindergarten. The ssociation, a member of the GFJW, is a non-profit association dedicated to enhancing community welfare through projects and workshops that increase awareness of important issues, including environmental protection, and AIDS prevention,

Queen Noor, accompanied by Mrs. Noor Izzedine, was received by the Minister of Social Development Mohammad Sqour, the governor of Irbid, the chief of police in Irbid, the head of Irbid intelligence and GFJW President Haifa Abu Ghazaleh.

among others.

Labour minister stresses urgency of public awareness of birth spacing

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Labour Khaled Ghzawi has said that there is a need to guide the public on the importance of birth spacing and other programmes to safeguard the health of mothers and children and to control excessive population growth, but such program-. mes should be in conformity with the teaching of Islam and in harmony with Jordanian tradition.

In an address at the opening of a workshop on population and development and family planning. Mr. Ghzawi saaid that

achieving a balance between population growth and the requirements of comprehensive development has become a national prerequisite, drawing the attention of officials at the highest level.

The five-day workshop is organised by the National Population Commission (PNC) in cooperation with the European Union (EU) delegation office in Amman. NPC Secretary General

Nabih Salameh urged all concerned authorities and public institutions to work towards spreading awareness about the adverse impact of high population growth on development and the quality of

Family planning and more efficient use of natural re-



Minister of Labour Khaled Ghzawi (cen- in Jordan Jean Pierre Pierard, Sunday tre) flanked by National Population Commission Secretary General Nabih Salameh (L) and European Union Representative

population and birth spacing needs (Petra photo) policies, mother and child

sources can help achieve the goals of socio-economic development and ensure a better standard of living for families, added Mr. Salameh.

A total of 70 participants from private and public sector institutions are taking part in the workshop which is slated to tackle population

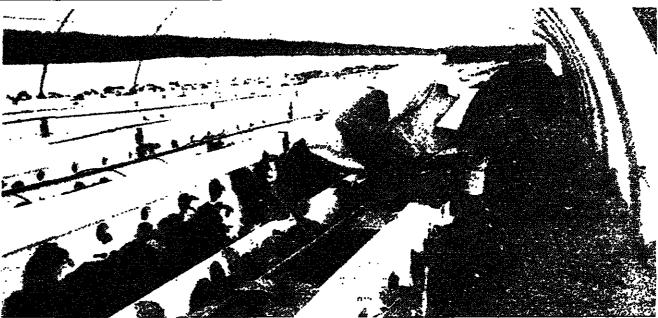
health and family planning. including birth spacing and other .elated topics.

Also on the agenda are such issues as working women, protection of the environment, natural resources and the role of the mid-wives

in helping to implement birth spacing programmes.

chairs the opening of a seminar on

The workshop comes close on the heels of a Ministry of Education sponsored semianr on Sept. 17 which discussed the role of education in spreading awareness and information about birth control and birth spacing.



One of the more advanced, water-conserving irrigation systems, used here to help in the cultivation of

ming imprdanians studying in India re plague-free — embassy

a students living in India been striken by the highly 1 Sunday.

he official said that to e, none of the non-Indian ionals living in the country been reported to be ined with the plague and local authorities have tters under control.

Ie said, however, there Jordanian students residin Bombay.

The embassy official was nmenting on recent conts between the Jordanian I Indian governments conning the well-being of the daman student population

India. Prime Minister Abdul am Majali was reported by : Jordan News Agency, tra, as instructing the foreministry to take pre-

IMAN (J.T.) — None of estimated 3-4,000 Jorda-suring the health safety of the suring the health safety of the

- Petra said that Jordan's tagious pneumonic plague ambassador to India Kamal ch has broken out in the 'Al Hassa had reported that at district of western in-nathere was no danger to the according to an official at students who, he said, live in Indian embassy in Am- areas still unaffected by the

Ministry Secretary General Navef Hadid received in his office Sunday Indian Ambassador A.K. Budhiraja to enquire about the general health situation in the affected regions and requested that the Indian government extend help to the Jordanian students and ensure their safety.
The ambassador, said Pet-

ra, told Mr. Hadid that the situation in all the affected areas was under control by the health authorities.

According to the agency, the Council of Ministers Saturday reviewed measures that could be taken to protect Jordanian students from the

Professionals to address media role in democracy

AMMAN (J.T.) — Prominent media professionals will gather for two days beginning Tuesday to participate in a seminar designed to address "The Role of the Media in a Democracy -- the Case of

Co-organised by the Centre for Strategic Studies of the University of Jordan and the Konrad Adenauer Foundation, the seminar will explore the role of the Jordanian press, television and radio in the democratisation process as well analyse the changing role of those channels since 1989.

It will then move on to various discussions of the media coverage of the peace process in Jordan, including presentations on the foreign media's percep-tion and the opposition's view in this arena.

On Wednesday, panelists

and speakers will take up the subject of journalism as a craft, focusing on the need for further training and the problems of human resources in the Jordanian media.

Also on the agenda are discussions of ethics in the media and freedom of the

Editors-in-chief, journalists, columnists, media experts, official spokespersons, and senior analysts are scheduled to participate in panel discussions and present papers which will culminate in a final panel discussion on "The Media in Jordan and the Requirements for the New Era," as well as a report and suggestions for future steps and a presentation of the impressions of participating German media consultants.

The seminar will be held at the University of Jordan and is open to the public. Jordan Valley Authority

Ministry defends agricultural water price hike

apparent response to the controversy caused by the hiking of agricultural water prices from six fils to 15 fils per cubic metre, the Ministry of Water and Irrigation Sunday said each cubic metre of water pumped to farmers in the Jordan Valley costs the country 25 fils, and the farmers have been paying only 20 per

cent of this cost. The ministry said the farmers have a duty to share part of the burden on the

AMMAN (Petra) - In an (JVA) and the ministry in supplying irrigation water and implementing projects to

increase food production. Farmers who utilise smaller amounts of water, particularly vegetable growers, are not expected to be significantly affected by the hike, said a ministry statement which added that the increased water cost would help prevent waste and force the farmers to rationalise water use at a time when the Kingdom is suffering severe

According to ministry sources, more than 70 per cent of all water used in Jordan flows to the farming

The ministry's statement follows a sit-in organised in the Jordan Valley Saturday by local farmers in protest against the government's decision to raise the price of water pumped to their lands.

Head of the Farmers Federation Rakan Faour said that the move was unjust and he appealed to the government to rescind its decision. Several Parliament mem-

bers and heads of trade unions took part in the sit-in during which the federation said that a general strike by farmers is scheduled for Wednesday when farmers would meet at the federation headquarters in the Jordan Valley and announce that they would stop sending their children to school and resort to hunger strikes unless the government responds favourably to their demand.

WHAT'S GOING ON

PLAY

Play in Arabic entitled "The Body Test/the Existence" at the Royal Cultural Centre at 7:30 p.m.

LECTURE

Lecture in Arabic entitled "The New World Order and the Arab Region" by Mr. Michael Kilo at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation, Jabal Amman at 6:30

RECEPTION

Reception for graduates of German-speaking universi-ties and educational institutes at Goethe Institut at

FILMS

☆ French film entitled "Nana (1926) at the French Cultural Centre at 8:00 p.m.

☆ Spanish film entitled "Amor Brujo" at the Instituo Cervantes (the Spanish Cultural Centre) at 6:00 p.m. (Tel. 610858).

LECTURE

☆ Lecture in Arabic (with written-English handout) with a slide show entitled "Mafraq Through Time: New Facts Emerge Through the Discoveries of the Historical Eras in the Sites of Al Fdein, Erdab, and Umm-El-Jimal" by Mr. Abdul Qader Al Husan at the Friends of Archaeology Centre at 6:00 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

☆ Exhibition of paintings entitled "Donation" by Laila Bustami at the Royal Cultural Centre.

★ Exhibition of works by Farouq Zadeh entitled "Faces,

Places, and Ideas" at Goethe-Institut (Tel. 641993). * Painting exhibition entitled "The Other Sides of Mastery" by Ibrahim Shalabi at the Gallaria Jordan, Mecca

Street (Tel. 816755). ★ Exhibition of paintings by Sahib Ahmad at the Phoenix

☆ Jordan River Designs, a Save the Children project,

Art Gallery (Tel. 695291).

exhibition of handicraft goods at the Forte Grand Amman Hotel, Mezzanine Floor (10:00 a.m.-8:00 p.m.).

NEWS IN BRIEF

🍃 ng congratulates Yemen

MAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hus-n Sunday sent a cable to Yemeni President Abdullah Saleh congratulating him on the id anniversary of the September 26 Re-ution. In his cable King Hussein expressed heartfelt congratulations and those of the danian people and government to Presint Saleh, and wished him continued good ilth and happiness and the people of men further progress and prosperity.

the Palestinian territories was aimed at identifying the economic and trade potentials of that region. Accompanied by a delegation of businessmen, Mr. Hornby said he hoped the visit, the first by a British delegation to the self-rule areas, would yield good results and open the way for trade between the two sides. Describing his visit to Jordan as extremely successful, Mr. Hornby said it would no doubt help promote Jordanian-British trade rela-

Zarqa police arrest smugglers

ZARQA (Petra) — Zarga police patrols have seized 19,301 cartons of smuggled cigarettes and 15,000 plastic lighters hidden on a farm in Duleil area, according to Zarqa Public Securg Hussein Bridge to the self-rule area of icho after holding several days of talks with ity Department Director Brig. Abdul Qader Al Quran. Brig. Ouran said the smugglers were arrested and referred to the Customs Court. cials and businessmen on prospects of anding commercial ties. In a departure ement, Mr. Hornby said that his visit to

Under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma

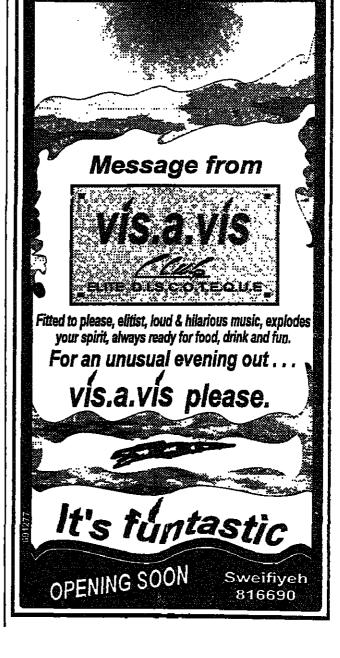
THE AL HUSSEIN SOCIETY for the Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped has the pleasure of inviting you to a

"FESTIVAL DAY "

on Friday, September 30, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. in celebration of the 10th anniversary of the opening of the Amman Centre.

There will be sale of food, sweets, books, toys and crafts as well as music, pony rides, games, and "Ninja Turtles" available throughout the day.

The AL Hussein Society is located off the 7th circle, at the rear of the Royal Automobile Club.



itish business team ends visit IMAN (J.T.) — Derek Hornby, chairman he British Overseas Trade Board, wound a visit to Jordan Sunday and crossed the

Indian plague epidemic is under control — government

day that an outbreak of the plague in the western city to Surat was under control and the country did not face the

threat of an epidemic.
"The government is fully prepared and there is going to be no large-scale outbreak," Health Secretary M.S. Daval told a news conference in the capital New

Mr. Dayal was part of a delegation which visited Surat Saturday to take stock of pneumonic plague.
"In Surat itself the situa-

tion has been brought under control," Mr. Dayal said. "The number of pneumonic cases coming to the hospital is not increasing. It is evi-dence the epidemic is not spreading."

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Mr. Dayal said the fact that about 100 cases of suspected plague were emerging in Surat each dady "is not an alarming situation," adding: "Had it been a continuing situation, it would have been in thousands by now.'

The health official said the highest level of the Indian government was concerned about the sickness and asked the estimated 300,000 Surat residents who had fled the city to return. "We are appealing to those who left to come back to the city," he

PARIS (AFP) - French

Prime Minister Edouard Bal-

ladur's popularity feli back

sharply this month from his

record-breaking 63 per cent

in August as tax rises brought

the population back to earth,

a poll published Sunday

The poll, published in the

weekly Journal Du Diman-

che, gave Mr. Balladur-52 per

cent approval, almost wining

out the 13 points he had

gained since June largely on

the strength of action in

Rwanda, the capture of ter-

rorist Carlos and a crack-

down on suspected Islamic

Since then the government

cile an insular past with the

modern world, and in par-

ticular with Europe, a French

The French Institute for

International Relations de-

votes no less than a third of

its annual world seport on Britain, calling it "the labora-

Kingdom is to study decline,"

says the introduction to the

chapter, which includes a sec-

tion entitled "Britain's poli-

Describing 1990s Britain as

among other things "closed-

up" and "hypocritical," the

report says its 'identity is

based around... elements

(which are) worn out, tired,

empty, either in part or in

Central to Britain's prob-

tical identity: Worn out?"

To study the United

tory of Europe."

into 200 teams fanned out across the city as part of an intensified drive to vanquish pneumonic plague which has triggered a mass exodus from Surat, 270 kilometres north

of Bombay. Bonfires blazed in the streets as city workers and residents worked to rid the city of waste and animal carcasses which can harbour plague bacteria.

Six more people died overnight, raising the official death toll to 42. Doctors and residents said many deaths had not been registered and estimated more than 100 have been killed in the past six davs.

Gujarat state declared Surat "plague affected," giv-ing officials authority to impose emergency measures such as ordering all businesses to close.

But no such order was given and officials appeared keen to quell the panic which has driven at least 300,000 people out of Surat over the past few days. There were reports of pla-

gue cases in other cities but health officials in the capital New Delhi said they had not been confirmed.

Authorities throughout the country remained on the alert following the flight of hundreds of thousands of people from Surat.

Supplies of the antibiotic About 2,000 workers split Tetracycline, used against the

Balladur popularity falls sharply

rises in the price of petrol,

tobacco, the television li-

cence, and is seen as going

back on a promise to cut

cois Mitterrand's popularity

also fell six points to 45 per

cent amid perceptions that he

has become weak as a result

of his prostate cancer as well

as revelations about his past

role in the wartime pro-Nazi

against a key member of Mr.

Balladur's conservative gov-

ernment could damage his chances in presidential elec-

Longuet was accused last

Britain is politically worn out – study

"England insularity is at

the heart, and almost the

motor of its national identi-

The report begins by out-

lining Britain's illustrious

past - the empire, the Com-monwealth - but says that

"something starts going wrong in the 1960s, soon

turning the country into the

"The 1980s under (Prime

Minister Margaret) Thatcher,

far from rejuvenating the

British political system, make

it increasingly authoritarian,"

it laments, citing increased

centralisation and streng-

The economic recovery of

thened police powers.

"sick man of Europe."

Industry Minister Gerard

Accesations of corruption

Vichy government.

tions due next year.

PARIS (AFP) — Britain has time it is an island with its

become politically "worn face turned against the conti-

out" in its struggle to recon- nent," the report says.

The ailing President Fran-

income tax.

plague, were all but exauthorities to test samples of hausted in major cities. Even plague-infected sputum to find out how powerful the in the small town of Rampur in northern Uttar Pradesh bacteria are and how best to state Tetracycline could not

be found in chemists' shops. Officials said some 386 Dr. Datta told Reuters the Indian government had asked people in Surat were susfor some 15,000 doses of vacpected to have contracted the cines from the Geneva-based pneumonic plauge. The disorganisation to protect health ease spreads between huworkers in case the disease mans from contaminated sputum and can swiftly destroy a The vaccines must be on victim's lungs. The figure was up from 327 late Saturday.

But they said efforts to

distribute eight million anti-

biotic capsules and urge peo-

ple with fever and coughs to

seek quick medical attention

"Patients are being admit-

"I hope to go home to-

ted at an earlier stage," said

Dr. Kalpan Patel, speaking

from the isolation ward in

day," said Manu Ramesh, a

25-year-old patient. "I've

been here for the last four

days and today is the first day

I have actually sat up."
India has asked the World

Health Organisation (WHO)

for help in its battle against the plague, officials said Sun-

for diagonistic reagents to

test human and rodent sam-

ples for plague anti-bodies," said Dr. K.K. Datta, director

of India's National Institute

of Communicable Diseases.

week over the construction of

his second home in the

French Riviera resort of

Saint-Tropez, said to be

under-priced and paid for with disguised backhanders.

If the allegations by anti-

corruption magistrate Re-

naud Van Ruymbeke are

true, it would deprive Mr.

Balladur of a key element in

his presidential strategy to

defeat Gaullist leader Jac-

ques Chirac, head of the Ral-

ly For the Republic (RPR).

minister had been counting

on the backing of part the RPR and most of the centre-

right component of the ruling

coalition, the Union for

French Democracy (UDF).

that is closed-up and even

hypocritical" it says, citing

continual political infighting

Areas singled out for par-

ticular criticism include Bri-

tain's education system. "The

'British disease' comes from

the deficiencies of its educa-

tion and training systems," it

says, adding that Britain has

behind" in these areas.

allowed itself to be left well

The report is not all bad. In

between the criticism it

praises Britain's role as the

home of the mother of parlia-

ments, and as the founders of

the industrial revolution. In-

stitutions such the BBC also

But it concludes with a

warning that Europe should

look to Britain to see what

laboratory, fascinating be-

"The United Kingdom is a

problems may lie ahead.

come in for plaudits.

and tabloid sex scandals.

The 64-year-old prime

The reagents would enable

were paying off.

Civil Hospital.

their way," Dr. Datta said. Authorities are reluctant to order a national vaccination campaign because the immunity that vaccines provides lasts for only a limited time and could therefore instill a false sense of confidence.

Instead, authorities have told people to watch out for symptoms of the plague -fever, cough, swollen lymph glands - and seek immediate treatment if they appear. Vaccines, however, are re-

commended for high-risk groups such as laboratory personnel working on plague or field workers in plagueaffected areas.

Indian newspapers said the government had asked for assistance from the United States and Russia.

"We have asked the WHO Both countries have experience in handling plague. In Colorado, 15 cases of plague were reported in 1988. Russia has reported sporadic cases of plague. There was no official confirmation of the

Clinton stumps for Democrats

NEW YORK (AFP) — U.S. President Bill Clinton this weekend took to the campaign trail, polishing up his own accomplishments, in a bid to stump up support for beleaguered Democrats heading for legislative elec-

The president's approval ratings have been sagging recently and some analysts say Democrats — some who have taken pains to distance themselves from him — may suffer in the upcoming mid-term elections in November.

The success of Mr. Clinton's political agenda, and ultimately his own political survival, depends on ensuring that Democrats continue to control both the Senate and the House of Representa-

tives. It is classic Clinton that kicks into high gear on the campaign trail and it sounded as if he were running for office when he returned to Missouri, which gave him a 10point margin in the presidential race against former Republican President George

"You gave me a resounding victory in that election. And I am grateful for that,' he told a crowd of Democrats at a fundraiser for Senate candidate Alan Wheat. "We have brought real

change, and we are moving in the right direction. We don't want to turn back now and give it back to the (Republicans).

Administration officials have been frustrated with the media for not highlighting their successes and exasperated with Republicans for what they say is a distortion of their accomplishments.

Mr. Clinton this weekend beseeched party faithfuls to spread the Democratic gos-

In Chicago; Minneapolis, Minnesota; Kansas City, Missouri and New York, he repeated the litany of his accomplishments: A vibrant economy, 4.3 million new jobs, an anti-crime bill and badly needed budget cuts.

"That's the real record," he said emphatically to a room packed with loyal Missourians Saturday night at a fundraiser. "Now what's the problem? I'll tell you what the problem is. Number one, nobody knows it!"

"I am asking you to go out and tell people the facts. They will peddle fear," he said of the Republicans. "We will peddle hope." Aboard Air Force One.

his political advisers and Democratic National Committee Chairman David Wilhelm conceded Democrats had not fought back forcefully enough against Republican efforts to muddy their record.

"Many Americans are still profoundly upset with the political system, profoundly disillusioned, even cynical. And they are in the mood to throw the rascals out without distinguishing who the rascals are," he said at a Minneapolish fundraiser.



A pneumonic plague-infected child is led holding a saline drip, at the New Civil Hospital through the isolation ward by her mother, in Surat (AFP photo)

The Tigers were believed

to have staged the attack to

put pressure on the govern-

ment for a ceasefire before

peace talks began, military

Tiger Chieftain Velupillai

Prabhakaran pressed for a

ceasefire in his recent reply to

a letter from Ms. Kumaratun-

ga inviting the rebels for talks

to end their 11-year-old

secessionist campaign, in which more than 30,000 peo-

Mr. Prabhakaran said it

would be difficult to resume

negotiations while fighting

was going on and that con-

tinuing navy attacks on

fishermen in the northern wa-

ters were an impediment to

Colombo rejects rebel truce demand

sources said.

ple have died.

taiks.

COLOMBO (R) - Sri Lankan Prime Minister Chandrika Bandaranaike Kumaratunga has rejected a Tamil guerrilla request for a ceasefire but is sending a peace mission to talk to the rebels, the independent Sunday leader news-

It said Ms. Kumaratunga plans to send a peace mission to the northern Tamil guerrilla stronghold of Jaffna shortly for initial talks with a team of negotiators named by the rebels, fighting for independence in the island's north and

Government officials were not immediately available to

one of the navy's biggest pat-

The Sunday Leader said Ms. Kumaratunga was to dis-cuss the possibility of a ceasefire with her military leaders, said to be wary of the rebel demand fearing it could be

President Fidel Ramos Sunday visited the province, north of Manila, which bore the brunt of the damage, to see the situation and ordered the release of 10 million pesos (\$392,000) for relief

10,000 pesos to the families of each fatality. Pampanga Governor Bren Guiao said more than 1,500 persons still remained trapped in Parulong village, Bacolor town, which was the

operations. He also gave

hardest hit.

The Social Welfare Department said at least 60,000 people were displaced from their homes in the towns of Bacolor and Porac alone and

rise to 60,000 tres. About 1,700 houses

AIL LOLCE HERCO able to evacuate several marooned residents, while other were evacuated by bus or army trucks.

Luchie Gutierrez, Social Welfare Department provincial officer, told the official Philippine News Agency that food rations were being air-

Heavy monsoon rains continued to pound the Pinatubo area and the towns at its base Sunday and disaster officials said lahar flows were moni-

hostilities.

election.

and regroup before resuming

tured 25 sailors after ram-

ming the navy patrol vessel

with two boats packed with

The rebels are believed to

have captured that boat's

commanding officer and

seven others in the attack.

four-year-old economic

embargo on the rebel-

controlled north soon after

winning last month's general

The rebels responded by

freeing 10 policemen held

hostage since June 1990,

when they broke off peace

National Party government.

government would go ahead

with plans to use force to

crush the Tigers if peace talks

Mr. Ratwatte has said the

talks with the former United

Ms. Kumaratunga eased a

military sources said.

explosives Monday night.

The Tigers killed or cap-

used by the Tigers to rearm rol boats

paper said.

confirm the story.

Last week, Deputy De-

fence Minister Anuruddha Ratwatte said peace talks between the government and the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) guerrillas will go on despite a rebel suicide attacks which sank

Philippine mudflow evacuees MANILA (RAFP) - Air force helicopters Sunday plucked marooned residents from rooftops in villages isolated by mudflows from Pina-

swelled the number of evacuees to 60,000, officials said. No new causalties were added to the 18 reported killed when debris from Mount Pinatubo's violent 1991 eruption were washed down from its flanks by rainwater and lashed at several villages in Pampanga

tubo volcano as new rains

before dawn Thursday. Several people sustained severe burns as the mudflow. or lahar, was still superheated three years after the eruption.

were buried, mostly up to the

dropped to residents in villages that could not be reached.

tored at river channels.

are now in evacuation cen-Asia tightens drug laws; West decries hanging of Dutchman

HONG KONG (AFP) -The hanging of a Dutch national in Singapore last week for drug smuggling brought cries of protest from West, but faced with major trafficking problems, Asian governments continue to

toughen drug laws.
"We cannot risk abolishing capital punishment for drug traffickers at this stage just to satisfy human rights advocates," said a senior judge in Malaysia, where some 100 people have been executed for drug offences since 1981.

The number included 30 foreigners whose appeals for clemency were rejected out-right by Kuala Lumpur drawing substantial criticism from Western countries and human rights groups.

Under the country's drug laws, anyone found in possession of 15 grammes (0.53 ounces) or more of heroin, 200 grammes (7.05 ounces) of cannabis or a kilogramme of (2.2 pounds) of opium is pre-sumed to be trafficking and faces death.

A large number of Asians have been executed in Singapore for drug crimes in recent years, but the death of a Westerner - Dutchman Johannes Van Damme - has brought home the issue of Asia's draconian drug laws to the West.

Mr. Van Damme was hanged Friday after being caught at Singapore's Changi International Airport in 1991 with 4.3 kilogrammes (9.46 pounds) of heroin concealed in the false bottom of his

Drug trafficking in Singapore carried the mandatory death sentence. According to the Ministry of Home Affairs, 79 people

have been executed for drug trafficking in Singapore since More than half were from other Asian countries and

one was from Nigeria. About another 50, mostly foreigners, are awaiting trial or appeals, are awaiting trial or appeals. In China, a war against an

escalating drug problem — one that had been almost wiped out by the Communists after 1949 - has resulted in the execution of 1,400 people for drug related crimes in the first quarter of 1994 alone.

Official newspapers have said that 561 foreign drug traffickers were arrested in China between January 1992 and March 1993 and that several foreigners, mostly from South East Asian countries, were sentenced to

No Westerners have been executed, but a handful have received prison sentences of between four and 15 years for possession and smuggling of marijuana since 1991.

Vietnam, which also is facing a growing drug problem, also imposes the death penal-

Since 1992, eight drug traffickers — including a Hong Kong citizen - have been sentenced to death.

In Thailand the trafficking

in or smuggling of more than 100 grammes (3.5 ounces) of drugs is punished by death. · A Thai official said there were unspecified "large" number of foreigners sentenced to death on drug offences. Most were in the process of requesting a royal pardon, or had had stays of execution.

The death penalty in Thailand is often commuted to life imprisonment and of the 2,500 foreign inmates in Thai jails 90 per cent are serving sentences for drug-related

In the Philippines the death penalty was restored in January for several drugrelated offences but no convictions have yet been made. Indonesian authorities have also been pressing for a strengthening of their existing capital punishment laws, under which drug smuggling and possession can be punished by death. Five Indonesians, one

Malaysian, three Thais and one Indian are currently on death row for drug offences. The Pakistani government also recently decided to change its existing drug laws
— which have a maximum

sentence of life imprisonment - to allow the death penalty for drug smugglers. In Bangladesh eight fore-

igners have been sentenced to death for drug trafficking

Controversial Basque film wins top award

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SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain (R) — The controversial Spanish film "Dias Contados" (Running Out Of Time) by Basque director Im-anol Uribe won the top prize at an international film festival. The film, awarded the Golden Shell, sparked controversy at the San Sebastian Festival in the fiercely nationalistic Basque country because of its portraval of a separatist ETA guerrilla who has a doomed love affair with a junkie prostitute. Critics loved the thriller's style and pace, but police clashed sporadically throughout the 10day festival with radical youths supporting the separatists' cause. Uribe's pro-tagonist is a member of Madrid Commando of ETA (Basque Homeland and Freedom), which has been responsible for many of the group's biggest acts of violence in its 26-year fight for an independent Basque state. The Basque director has dealt with the theme of ETA in three previous films - The Burgos Trial, The Segovia Escape and The Death Of Mikel. In "Dias Contados". which is loosely based on a story by crime novelist Juan Madrid, the main character is a seasoned ETA militant who falls in love with a teenage drug addict while he is on a car bomb attack mission against a Madrid police station. He is disillusioned by what he sees as incompetence in the upper echelons of ETA's military command and is captivated by her sense of total liberty mixed with fatalism. Other prizes awarded at the 42nd International Film Festival in San Sebastian included the Judges' Special Prize, which was divided between the Austrian film "Vor Lauter Feigheit Gibt Es Kein Erbarmen" by Andreas Gruber and the British Second Best by Chris Menges. The Silver Shell for the best director went to Briton Danny Boyle for Shallow Grave. Silver Shells for best actress and best actor were given to Ning Jing of China for her role in "Paoda Shuangdeng" and to Javier Bardem of Spain for his work in "Dias Contados" and "El Detective-Y La Muerte" by Gonzalo Suarez. Bardem was also awarded the Fernando Rev Prize for Best European Actor for his part in Uribe's film.

Lana Turner gets career award in San Sebastian

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain (R) — Hollywood actress Lana Turner, 74, won a Lifetime Achievement Award at Europe's oldest film festival. the International Cinema Festival in San Sebastian. which ended Saturday. Actor William Hurt presented the award - a reproduction of a characteristic street lamp of the northern Spanish city to an emotional Turner. The actress was nominated for an Oscar for her performance in the 1957 film Peyton Place. Her other film credits include The Postman Always Rings Twice, Madam X, Johnny Eager and The Bad And The Beautiful, but she is perhaps, best known as one of America's most glamorous pin-up girls of the 1940s. Turner was diagnosed with throat cancer two years ago, but appeared in good health and even managed to scream with astonishment when the award was announced.

Jurassic Park consultant extracts dinosaur DNA

LONDON (AFP) - A U.S. dinosaur expert who was consuitant for the film Jurassic Park has succeeded in extracting DNA, which determines how living beings develop, from a tyrannosaurus fossil, the Sunday Times reported. Jack Horner would soon be publishing "sensational" evidence that the dinosaur DNA resembles that of birds, the paper said. "If true, this would mean that dinosaurs did not die out altogether 65 million years ago as generally assumed, but that some survived and evolved into birds," it said. Mr. Horner is one of the leaders of a group of palaeonotologists who claim that dinosaurs were probably warm-blooded, fast-moving animals, with many resemblances to modern birds. Michael Crichton's book Jurassic Park and Steven Spielberg's film based on it. postulates that dinosaurs can be recreated from ancient DNA, though scientists generally agree it would not

the 1990s might have been expected to help pull the country out of its malaise, the lems is its ambivalent attticause its attempt at reconreport says. But this, "far from renewciliation brings to Europe an tude to Europe, the report ing the strength of instituexperience which it should at says. "Britain belongs to least reflect upon." tions, has merely stressed all Europe... but at the same Kozyrev: U.S. envoys prefer Caucasus

instability to Russian intervention MOSCOW (AFP) -- Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev has accused "certain U.S. diplomats Fof preferring continued instability in the Russian Caucasus to the prospect of an intervention by Russian troops to ease

problems there. "It is absurd," Mr. Kozyrev said during an interview on Russian Television. *Certain United States diplomats would prefer instability in the Caucasus," rather than see "a reinforcement of Russia's role there."

a's role there." a
"No other country apart from us has the slightest chance of playing a part in regulating the conflicts" in the Caucasus region, the foreign minister said.

Referring to the deadlock in western Georgia between government forces and separatists in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia, Mr. Kozyrev noted that Russian troops were trying "at this very moment.....to open a route which is not only very important for Georgia and Abkhazia but also for Azer-

baijan and Armenia. The troops were in addition "working on the return of Georgian refugees to

Abkhazia, and our troops are not there to guard the so-called Abkhazo-Georgian frontier, and prevent the refugees from feturning, but to maintain security in the region so the refugees can re-

Russian peacekeeping troops have been deployed in the frontier zone between the separatist Georgian region of Abkhazia, in the west of the republic, and the rest of the country. Separatist forces drove Georgian government troops from Abkhazia last

autumn. Mr. Kozyrev added that Russia was trying to achieve "a certain modus vivendi... the establishment of a particular legal status for Abkhazia, but above all to preserve Georgia's territorial integri-

In an earlier diatribe published Saturday in the Kommersant daily, Mr. Kozyrev warned that electors might vote in a perty-wine extremist government if the Russian government were not given the means to speed up its push towards external markets, and complained that some Western governments were still approaching the

issue of trade with Russia "based on the old criteria." And President Boris Yeltsin slammed the United States shortly before leaving for London ahead of a summit meeting in Washington next week.

> "Problems between Russia and the United States have been mounting up this year," Mr. Yeltsin said as he prepared to board a plane for London. He called for "a more ega-

litarian" relationship, saying the United States had exerted pressure" at times. "Problems cannot be resolved without Russia," he added. Eisewhere, the presidents

of the Caucasian republics of Ingushetia and North Ossetia said Saturday they hoped thousands of Ingushi refugees, forced to flee ethnic fighting in North Ossetia in 1992, would soon be able to return home.

Russian Nationalities Minister Nikolai Egorov, Ingushetian President Ruslan Aushev and Aksarbek Galazov, the North Ossetian head of state, met at the airport in Vladikavkaz, the North Ossetian capital.

Bosnian Serbs pile pressure on U.N.

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — Bosnian Serbs Sunday stepped up their campaign of intimidation against United Nations forces in response to a NATO air strike and the imposition of tighter sanc-tions by the Security Council. The commander of the

Bosnian Serb army, General Ratko Mladic, in a veiled threat to the U.N. peacekeeping force, told their commanders he could not "take responsibility" for . the safety of U.N. operations on his territory.

The main U.N. relief agen-

cy said stocks of food in Sarajevo, where Serb action has cut off aid convoys and forced the U.N. to suspend its air bridge, would run out in two weeks.

"We have stocks of food for about two weeks," said Kris Janowski, spokesman for the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees.

Gen. Mladic's pronouncement, in a letter to the U.N. military commander in former Yugoslavia, French General Bertrand De Lapresle, was the latest in a series of threats to follow Thursday's NATO air strike on a Bosnian Serb tank.

The Bosnian Serb Army has also halted U.N. military and aid convoys, forced the closure of Sarajevo Airport and prevented U.N. toops from trying to check that Serbs had removed banned guns from a heavy weapons exclusion zone around the

In a further move to pressare the U.N. the Serbs have

rescinded permission for U.N. helicopter flights over their soil and warned that they could not guarantee the safety of flights to Sarajevo Airport, U.N. spokesman

In his letter Gen. Mladic said the air raid had destroyed private houses and damaged a school. The U.N. said an unoccupied Serb tank was hit, in what it described as an appropriate response to Serb attacks tht had wounded

two of its peacekeepers. Gen. Mladic said the United Nations should not plan any operations on the territory of the self-styled Bosnian Serb Republic until it had made clear it was a neut-

"Due to the latest crime for which you and your forces are responsible, we cannot take responsibility for your activities in the Bosnian Serb Republic, so we beg you not to plan these until you convince us of the full neutrality of your forces.

"I expect your positive steps in this direction in the next two weeks," he said. Serb forces surrounding Sarajevo have tightened their grip on the Bosnian capital in the weeks following their rejection of an international peace plan for Bosnia.

A United Nations official indicated Sunday that the blockade of gas and electricity supplies to the city imposed by the Serbs 10 days ago may be about to be relaxed following an agreement at U.N.-sponsored talks

But the official said whether or not the gas taps were opened and the electricity grid switched on still depended on Serb clearances

for repair teams. The Bosnian Serb leadership, however, made clear it was in no mood to compromise despite increased U.N. sanctions, the NATO air raid and its abandonment by the Serbian-led government in Belgrade.

Moncilo Krajisnik, speak-

er of the Bosnian Serb National Assembly, said: "We must direct our force to our defence and in that case we have the right to choose

"If necessary, with the aim of defending our people, we will introduce a blockade of the Muslims and Croats and also of UNPROFOR (U.N. Protection Force)," he was quoted as saying by the Bosnian Serb News Agency.

Mr. Krajisnik, a hardliner, criticised the tougher U.N. sanctions imposed on the Bosnian Serbs but made clear they did not intend to reverse their rejection of the international peace plan for Bosnia.

"The Serbian people rejected the maps in a referendum and not a single figure or political body has the authority to accept them," Mr. Krajisnik said.

The central aspect of the peace plan is a map dividiong Bosnia roughly evenly be-tween the Muslim-Croat alliance and the Bosnian Serbs, who currently hold about 70 per cent of the former Yugoslav republic.

fresh sanctions were part of an international push to isolate the intransigent Bosnian Serbs and force them to accept the peace plan drawn up by the United States, Russia, Germany, Britain and

The new punitive mea-sures, agreed by the U.N. Security Council Friday, ban foreign travel by leaders of the Bosnian Serb Republic and trade with the territory.

At the same time, the Security Council eased sanctions against rumo Yugoslavia, restoring international air and sporting links, in re-turn for Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic's military blockade of the Bosnian

Sanctions-bound Bosnian Serbs, bitter at being branded international pariahs for rejecting a peace plan, have retreated into the Balkans equivalent of the laager men-

They are also placing their faith in rescue by brother Serbs in Belgrade despite the fact that rump Yugoslavia imposed a total trade embargo on the Bosnian Serb Repub-

Belgrade's decision to cut the supplies lifeline which has nourished the Serb's selfstyled republic through 30 months of war was a tough psychological blow, but most Serbs in Pale, the small ski resort turned self-styled capital, appear to believe their historic ties mean the Belgrade blockade cannot last for long.

A tour of shops and the local market here confirms the sanctions doublewhammy has thus far had little impact, the rapidly emptying shelves of the Belgrade-supplied state-run shops are the only evidence of shortages.

For Mirna Asonja, 22, who fled Sarajevo at the start of the conflict, Belgrade's move was "the biggest disappointment of the war because we have always seen Serbia as our mother, and now she has introduced sanctions.'

Her husband Goran, 31, a mechanical engineer, said the move was "depressing," adding: "I feel that I'm under a bell iar in a laboratory. You put the mouse in the jar and wait to see how long it can survive.

"We can survive much longer than the mouse because the bell jar cannot fit tightly on this mountainous terrain, so air is always getting in.' Reports abound of hard-

line Croats from Herzegovina who oppose the troubled Croat-Muslim federation supplying the Serbs here with petrol, and the sheer size of the territories controlled by the Serbs mean they have ample fresh fruit, vegetables and meat, while the picturesque pine-covered slopes surrounding Pale provide ready supplies of wood for heating and cooking.

Homes are already stockpiling food and wood for the winter, and Serbs here explain away electricity cuts as ongoing repairs to power

GENEVA (Agencies) — United States and North Korean

Pyongyang of American nav-

al manoeuvres off its shores.

because a top U.S. admiral

had said they could be com-

pared to the pressure put on

Haiti's military leaders to

But they doubted the

Pyongyang delegation to the

Geneva negotiations, now in

their third day, would walk

out. The U.S. side sought to

play down the issue, saying

the manoeuvres had no direct

step aside.



A man pushes wood, jerry-cans with water Sarajevans spend their days in search dec and his grandson on a trolley in downtown water and wood like in the darkest days of the Sarajevo. With the turning-off of utilities siege (AFP photo)

U.S., N. Korea continue talks despite war games

Sinn Fein leader starts U .S. tour in Boston

BOSTON (AP) - Sinn Fein leader Gerry Adams has begun a two-week U.S. tour aimed at building American support for a peace settlement in Northern Ireland palatable to Irish Republi-

Mr. Adams said Sinn Fein, the Irish Republican Army's (IRA) political organisation, would consider a coalition government with the British. who currently rule Northern Ireland as a province.

But the Irish "have the the right to govern ourselves. whatever we decide," he

said. U.S. Senator Edward Kennedy joined 'Mr. Adams at a rived Saturday in Boston, which has one of the largest populations of Irish-Americans in the United States.

Mr. Adams and Sen. Kennedy urged British Prime Minister John Major not to get bogged down in seeking a permanent ceasefire from the IRA but should begin negotiating with the group. The IRA declared a ceasefire on

Aug. 31.
"What we are interested in... is the future," Mr. Kenspeak, the violence has halted. It's difficult for many of us to understand why people are carping on the past and not looking for opportu-

On Friday, Mr. Major told BBC Radio that his government could meet with Sinn Fein by Christmas, Mr. Maior has been holding out for more definite assurances that the IRA has laid down its arms for good. Those talks would be about Sinn Fein's participation in negotiations

on the future of Northern

Mr. Adams' nine-city tour follows U.S. visits earlier this week by four members of the Ulster Unionist Party, a voice of the pro-British Protestant vote, and John Hume, leader of the Social Democratic and Labour Party, the leading Catholic party in Northern

All sides are seeking to sway U.S. opinion. The Protestants worry that the admiward the IRA.

other incentives to nurture peace prospects.

No injuries were reported.

ceasefire announcement.

cause of the propaganda war

RPF officials said acts of

were being committed by the

extremist Hutu Interahamwe

militia which wants to keep

an army of refugees in exile.

U.N. human rights monitors

in Kigali and they lack trans-

port and resources to investi-

gate the reported atrocities. The U.N. says 26 more moni-

tors will arrive by the end of

day it had good evidence of revenge killings by Tutsis of

Hutus in different areas of

Rwanda, including a sighting of fresh bodies near Kigali

credible reports of killings

from different parts of Rwan-

da, and we have shared these

with other U.N. agencies and

the government in Kigali at

the very highest level,"

spokesman Sylvana Foa told

region Friday our people

went to look at an unused

brick factory which we hoped

to clean up and use as a

reception centre for returning

refugees.
"The doors opened and

our team saw bodies inside.

They seemed to be fresh. But

then some soldiers came up

and started screaming that

our people shouldn't be there

troops aborted their first in-

dependent mission to help

Rwandan refugees in Goma

Sunday as violence flared in

At least three people were killed as Zairean soldiers

looted local civilians.

UNHCR security officer Albert Kuiper told AFP as he

kept watch over violent de-

monstrations on the road to

the airport where the

Japanese are based.
A UNHCR spokeswoman

had earlier told reporters at a

daily briefing that seven peo-

ple had been killed in the

Mr. Kuiper said a Zairean

soldier tried to steal from a

schoolboy and flung a gre-

nade after him as he ran into

The boy and a girl were

killed, Mr. Kuiper said, and the soldier was then beaten to

his house.

the Zairean border town.

Meanwhile, Japanese

and chased them away."

"For example, in the Kigali

"We have detailed and

The UNHCR insisted Sun-

this month.

Friday.

There are still only four

the two sides are waging.

news conference when he arnities to advance the cause of U.N. agencies disagree over Rwanda atrocities

KIGALI (R) — Two United Nations agencies were at loggerheads Sunday over a report by the U.N. refugee agency UNHCR that Tutsi soldiers of the new Rwandan government were systematically killing Hutus.

The U.N. Rwanda Emergency Office (UN-REO), which is coordinating U.N. operations in the central African country, said the report lacked evidence and was based on rumours.

The UNHCR report gave no physical or forensic evidence of its claims. You cannot make allegations based on interviews with around 300 people," an UNREO spokeswoman in the capital Kigali said.

"We certainly want to support this government, not undermine it with uninvestigated rumours...these are sensitive allegations made without proof," she said.

The U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said in a report issued in Geneva Friday that a consultant it hired had found a "consistent pattern" showing that Rwanda Patriotic Front (RPF) soldiers, who are mostly Tutsis, had harassed, intimidated and killed members of the majority

Hutu tribe. The RPF came to power in July after a three-month civil war during which an estimated one million Tutsis were massacred by the Hutudominated government army

and militia The UNHCR office in Kigali has so far declined to comment on the controversial report which could seriously damage the new government's attempts to encourage the return of some two million Hutu refugees

outside its borders. Rwandan President Pasteur Bizimungu Friday rejected the UNHCR report as untrue and said it did not appear to be balanced. A government spokesman accused UNHCR of dishones-

Rwandan officials have previously admitted their soldiers have carried out isolated acts of reprisals against returning Hutu refugees suspected of involvement in the carlier massacres.

Mr. Bizimungu said he



A Japanese soldier stands guard at Goma Airport Japanese troops aborted their first independent mission to help Rwandan refugees as violence flared in the Zairean border town of Goma (AFP photo)

"The UNHCR has a reputation for double standards," Rwandan Director of Information Major Wilson

Rutavisire said. Pierre Mehu, spokesman for the U.N. Assistance Mission In Rwanda (UNAMIR), told reporters there were rumours of mass killings and human rights violations, especially in southeast Rwanda, but no one knew who was

responsible. UNAMIR has flown 120 Canadian and Ghanaian troops to the area to assess

the situation.
UNHCR officials in Tanza nia, where about 500,000 Hutu refugees are living in camps, said they were in-creasingly convinced that Rwandan government troops and Tutsi gunmen were kiliing returning Hutu refugees.
"We have been getting some reports and unfortunately I am more and more sure that something bad is nannening in the southeast.

Jacques Franquin, UNHCR field coordinator in Ngara district of northwest Tanzania, told Reuters.

Hutus have continued to flee to Tanzania despite the new Rwandan government's assurances that it is safe to return.

"We are getting more and more direct evidence from witnesses on what happened. Refugees arriving from Rwanda sav thev are attacked by groups of Tutsis helped by the soldiers of the Rwanda Patriotic Front," Mr. Fran-

quin said.
"They are also talking about a camp where are more or less held as prisoners, guarded by the RPF, and where men are killed."

The UNHCR has suspended its policy of encouraging refugees to go One relief worker said if

the UNHCR report relied only on Hutu claims of harassment and intimidation

nistration may be leaning to-The Clinton administration is weighing financial aid and

Soon after Mr. Adams arrived in Boston, pro-British paramilitaries sprayed gunfire outside a pub in North Belfast, Northern Ireland.

The outlawed Ulster Freedom Fighters claimed responsibility for the attack. Pro-British extremists have kept up sporadic attacks, including two killings, since the IRA

link to the talks. A statement from North Korea's Foreign Ministry said the naval presence amounted to "undisguised military provocations" that could wreck intimidation and atrocities the negotiations and bring an end to a freeze on its atomic power programme.

In Geneva, a North Ko-rean official told Reuters the talks on recasting the programme to ensure it cannot produce nuclear weaponry were continuing normally but added: "Military pressure is not acceptable. We cannot have that and dialogue. That is why we have asked the

United States to stop." The next step depended on U.S. actions, "but I am not in a position to say if we will withdraw", he said.

Sunday's meeting, which followed a full session between delegation chiefs Friday and technical discussions Saturday, was held in the

experts met Sunday to try to they began. But in briefings Saturday shape an accord to end nucboth delegation made clear lear tension in East Asia despite angry denunciations by they remained at odds on

U.S. mission. Neither side

made any comment before

hasic issues. Although Pyongyang's top Diplomats said the always negotiator, First Deputy Foreign Minister Kang Sok-Ju, said he noted "some progress", a senior U.S. offisensitive North's reaction to the war games was inevitable cial said "fundamental differ-

> ences" had not narrowed. Both sides confirmed they were working on a document they would like to complete in the next few days.

The focus of the talks, the latest in a series over the past two years between two countries who had been sworn enemies since the 1950-53 Korean War, is the future of present and planned North Korean reactors producing weapons-grade plutonium.

After negotiations in Geneva last month, Pyongyang agreed to freeze construction of two new graphite models in return for a U.S. pledge that, with other countries, it would help replace them with a light-water varie-

ty of reactor. There are differences over conditions for the exchange and on how North Korea would be compensated for the energy lost from the cancellation of its existing nuclear programme.

It was also clear a major gap remained to be bridged on North Korea's refusal to accept "special inspections" of two sites which could give a clue whether it had earlier worked on nuclear weapon-

Mr. Kang told reporters

Saturday his country would not accept these inspections, requested by the United Nations nuclear watchdog, the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA).

On Sunday, North Korea reaffirmed this stance, condemning a new IAEA resolution, which called on Pyongyang to open up all sites to inspection, as an attempt to infringe on its soveriegnty.

But in Geneva Mr. Kang said his country would be prepared to "demonstrate the transparency of its nuclear activities" once a new relationship was established with the United States and the light-water reactor programme was well under way. The senior U.S. official in Geneva, where the American

delegation is led by Ambassador-at-large Robert Gallucci, indicated at a news briefing this approach was not acceptable. "Special inspections have

to be an integral part of any settlement we reach... we cannot go far down the road without this issue being cleared up," he said. The time-frame suggested by Mr. Kang - possibly several years — was "implausible." Earlier this year the IAEA took its complaint against

Pyongyang to the U.N., which prepared to vote sanctions against the isolated Communist state. Action was suspended when the new U.S.-North Korean talks were agreed.

Mr. Kang said Sunday the crisis over its suspect nuclear programme would end if Washington provided Pyongyang with light-water reactors (LWRs).

"If we receive LWRs from the U.S. and give up the graphite-moderated reactors. the so-called nuclear sasa:cion' against the DPRK (North Korea) would be totally dispelled." the "eispatch, monitored nere. quoted Mr. Kang as saving in Geneva Saturday.

"What is important here is firstly that the United States substantially provides the DPRK with light water reactors commensurate with its renunciation of the graphitemoderated reactor program-

graphite-moderate reactors conditional on the definite supply of LWRs by the U.S. side," he said.

"The U.S. must definitely guarantee the provision of LWRs and must be fully responsible for this," Mr. Kang said. "This guarantee is the starting-point of the solution

of the issue." Accusing the United States of treating it like Haiti. North Korea threatened Sunday to unfreeze its disputed nuclear programme if Washington applies military pressure.

"If the United States acts recklessly, slighting (North Korea) as it does a small island in the Caribeean, it will have to pay dearly for this, said a Foreign Ministry statement carried by North Korea's official news agency,

It claimed U.S. mulicary hardline conservatives" war a trying to put military pressure on North Korea through naval manoeuvres off the Korean coast.

Angola dampens hope for early accord with rebels

LUANDA (Agencies) — Angola's government has dampened hopes that it is close to reaching an accord with UNITA rebels on ending a long civil war, a state

daily said Sunday.

Jornal De Angola quoted
Prime Minister Marcolino Moco and a senior negotiator as saying there were still obstacles impeding an immediate conclusion of peace talks in Zambia.

Neither Mr. Moco nor General Higino Carneiro, head of the government negotiating team at the Lusaka peace talks with UNITA, could say whether a deal would be signed this mouth in line with a U.N. Security Council deadline.

"There are some obstacles still blocking a ceasefire agreement," Mr. Moco told Jornal De Angola. Gen. Carneiro was quoted

by the same newspaper as

saying: "It is difficult to say categorically there will be an agreement by the end of the month." An editorial by the daily also held out little hope for an accord this month prospect raised by delegates

last week. "There is the underlying idea that peace is not as near as the progress at Lusaka would have us believe," the paper said. Angolan negotiators

left the Zambian capital Friday for consultations with their leaders.

Sources close to the talks said the trips to Luanda and Huambo by government and rebel delegations were a clear indication that an accord would be signed this month to end two decades of civil

U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali requested the government and UNITA to complete peace talks by Sept.

The Lusaka talks have dragged on for 10 months. African and Western diplomats said U.N. mediator Alioune Blondin Beye was expected to hand his report to Dr. Ghali by Sept. 25.

However a political analyst in Luanda who declined to be identified said UNITA leader Jonas Savimbi would sign anything put before him but an agreement would not be easily implemented. "The implementation of a

deal means Savimbi is finished. He could not live in Angola in peace now. He has affected too many people's lives, he has reason to feel afraid," he said. Diplomats said it would

also be difficult to disarm the warring factions after an accord had been signed. "It will be difficult to get either side to disarm this time," one diplomat said.

to be named said talks progressed smoothly in the past two weeks after the capitulation of UNITA rebels over the governorship of Huambo province and the reported

offer of the post of vice-president to Mr. Savimbi.

UNITA, the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola, has been fighting the ruling Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola since independence from Portugal in 1975. Meanwhile, South Africa believes that hundreds of its former soldiers may be fight-

ing under the Angolan flag

and helping prolong that nation's civil war. Pretoria's embassy said Saturday. '500 well-trained special ists of the ex-SADF (South-African Defence Forces)" have reportedly been hired as mercenaries by the Angolan army, said a South African embassy document made

available to the Associated Press. According to the document, demobilised soldiers have been recruited by a South African paramilitary operation, "Executive Outcome", to provide "security services" to the Luanda gov-

ernment since 1992. It is the first time Pretoria has lent substance to persistent rumours that its soldiers were defying a United Nations ban and fighting for hire government against the re-

It was not certain the South Africans had entered combat, but their government was undertaking a "rigorcus investigation" of their involvement in Angola, cardy at the instigation of the sadiers' families, the document

The rebels said they killed six South Africans last week during an unsuccessful cifersive by government force;

According to a UNITEcommunique received by the Associated Press in Lisbon. Portugal, government troopwere repelled and the South Africans killed when they tried to push into the northern diamond region of

The presence of a renegade South African fighting force in Angola could possibly end President Nelson Mandela's intervention as a negotiator in Africa's bloodiest eivil

The South African leader has already conferred with his Angolan counterpart, Jose Eduardo Dos Santos. and a Johannesburg meeting is pending with Mr. Savimbi. But the rebels, who for months have accused South Africa of backing the government with arms and men. could use the mercenaries to

question Mr. Mandela's neur-

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Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4

Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 696183

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Divisions at crossing point

THE FAILURE of the Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat's encounter with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin Sunday to resolve the standoff between them about when and how to hold the Palestinian national election was no surprise, given their widening perspective on the issue and other related matters. There is little doubt that Mr. Rabin has been foot-dragging on the election issue by professing concern about the authority of the envisaged 100member Palestinian council. Israel sees the projected council as some sort of executive body with no legislative powers for fear that legislative prerogatives would lead to sovereignty rights, something which is anathema to its long-term vision for the West Bank and Gaza Strip. The Palestinian National Authority (PNA), on the other hand, insists on a council with both legislative and executive powers.

While this difference between the two sides appears to be what is keeping Mr. Rabin from agreeing to an early Palestinian election stated for Nov. 1 by the PNA, the real reason for the current tug of war between the two sides is the issue of redeployment of Israeli troops stationed in the Palestinian territories. Israeli military leaders obviously seek to put off Israeli military withdrawal from Palestinian lands for fear that such a withdrawal would precipitate a threat to the security of Jewish settlers.

Postponing the discussions on vexing and controversial subjects such as Jerusalem and Jewish settlements under the PLO-Israeli accord of last year may have been the easy way out when that agreement was struck between them in Oslo in 1993 and now the time has come to face the fact that there is no escape from looking these issues straight in the eye.

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A big fault in the PLO-Israeli peace talks that culminated in last September's accord lies essentially in the tactic of putting on hold the fundamental issues dividing them till a later date. For it would have been infinitely wiser to have dealt with such subjects in great details instead of leaving them till the bitter end only to find out that disagreement on them could unravel everything that was painstakingly achieved.

The lessons of Palestinian-Israeli peace negotiations vindicate the Jordanian mode of conducting negotiations with Israel. Unlike the PLO, the Kingdom has insisted that every aspect and dimension of their peace talk be meticulously aired and ironed out right at the outset. The PLO-Israeli style of conducting their peace talks centred on carrying out the negotiations in phases with every phase threatening to undermine the earlier stage altogether. There is every reason to be concerned about the future conduct of the Palestinian-Israeli peace parleys as long as difficult topics are simply brushed under the carpet till a future date instead of dealing with them head on as early as

We, nevertheless, hope that full agreement between Mr. Arafat and Mr. Rabin could be hammered out in due course on each and every thorny subject that still divide them. Mr. Rabin must face up to the inevitable by adjusting sconer than later to the need to withdraw his forces from the principal Palestinian cities and centres of population as a necessary prelude to holding free Palestinian elections. The Palestinian track can never be completely explored without the Palestinian people enjoying free elections. The mutual interests of the Palestinians as well as the Israelis lie squarely in a Palestinian democratic process based first and foremost on freedom and democracy for all

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

THE UNITED States has not kept its promise of helping the Middle East region attain comprehensive development but has rather remained committed to ensuring Israel's military and economic superiority over the Arab states, said Al Ra'i daily Sunday. Washington has been peddling peace with Israel and promising comprehensive development to the countries of the region but it has failed to date to keep its promises and instead has been pursuing the same traditional policy of supporting Israel's practices and its occupation of Arab lands, said the daily. By pursuing a policy of backing the Jewish state's ambitious plans at the expense of the Arab states in time of peace and peace negotiations, the United States in endangering the whole peace process, and by supporting Israel's nuclear and armament policies, Washington is inviting new arms race this voiatile region, added the daily. Throughout the years of conflict between the Arabs and Israel, Washington has made no secret of its backing for the Jewish state's military and economic might, enabling it to occupy Arab lands, the

SAWT AL Shaab daily criticised the U.N. Security Council for reducing the sanctions on Serbia as a reward for the aggressors who maintain their attacks on the Bosnian people. This biased policy contradicts the U.N. charter and international principles and is no doubt bound to consecrate injustice against nations of the world whose human rights are being violated, said the paper. The U.N. council's decision was based on promises by Serbia not to launch after to an Bosnia but these promises could easily be

with a few restaurance with the concontinue is suffer, said the daily, adding that there was poor control over the borders and anything could happen. Easing the sanctions on the aggressors came at a time when the Serbian leaders continue to show total disregard for the calls of the world community for halting attacks on the Muslim people of Bosnia and therefore, said the daily, such move can by no means help the cause of peace.

Time to introduce unleaded gasoline

JORDAN HAS a solid reputation as a champion of environment protection which is a basic human right related to the right to life. Both His Majesty King Hus and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan have time and again confirmed Jordan's commitment to safeguarding the Earth's eco-system from wanton human interferences. One Jordanian delegation after the other attending international conferences on environment or environment related subjects have also voiced the Kingdom's unequivocal support to all international and regional efforts to promote healthy environment for all mankind.

Against this backdrop, is it not strange that the Kingdom has yet to introduce unleaded gasoline to its people? Many of our neighbours including Israel, Egypt and Lebanon have already made the so called "green fuel" available to their motorists. Lebanon had barely emerged from a disastrous civil war that lasted for 15 years when it moved to catch up with the new international standards on environment-friendly gasoline.

Our authorities have yet to respond to the call for similar policy on clean fuel in spite of the overwhelming evidence that lead is harmful to health. Of course, no one would expect to change the country's fuel supply completely and overnight to green gasoline because that would be impractical given the number of cars that depend on leaded gasoline. But what we call can and should expect is a gradual phasing out of leaded gasoline and the concurrent gradual introduction of unleaded one over a span of years that should not last over a decade-and-a-half.

Two arguments are usually put forth by our concerned people for not moving ahead at the time being with the new spirit of the day. One is the proposition that unless and

until there is a demand for unleaded gasoline there can be no justification to make it available in the market. This argument sounds like the egg and chicken story. How can we expect to have even a minimal demand for unleaded gas until it is made available in the market? All newlymanufactured cars are normally equipped with catalysers which means that unleaded gas should be used. This system is taken out of cars shipped to the Jordanian market because the unleaded gas is not yet available. This state of affairs means that there can never be a demand for unleaded fuel as long as new automobiles are stripped from

I dare say that car manufacturers incur additional costs to modify their cars to suit the Jordanian and similar markets. The minute unleaded gas is made available all new cars would start arriving to the country with the necessary technology that aims to protect our environment. What adds insult to injury is the custom policy of this country which augments the custom duties on cars that arrive with a catalyser as if it is a luxury item. A more sane custom policy would decrease custom duties that car owners would have to pay when they bring their vehicles with a technology that aims to protect the environment of their country. As a matter of fact we have legislations in place that reward industries which introduce systems to lessen harm to environment by deducting the cost of such systems from their tax dues. So why not be consistent and stop penalising car owners who want to contribute to the battle for a safe and healthy environment in Jordan.

The second argument is that the cost of refining such a clean gas in the country would be very high. I do not doubt

this submission. It would cost the Jordanian refinery untold amount of money to start refining the unleaded brand. Given this valid proposition, it would be in order to import a certain amounts of unleaded gasoline to fulfill the initial small demand on it till the demand for the green gasoline goes to such an extent that warrants its local refining. There is no escape from the fact that sooner or later we will have to refine unleaded gasoline or make it available. We all talk about what peace in the region would do to regional tourism. How can we remain part of this region's peace market if we lag so much behind in this sense, especially knowing only too well that European motorists would rely on the availability of unleaded fuel? Israel is shifting fast into total reliance on unleaded gasoline. As is the case in the West it is fast phasing out the leaded one. Egypt and Lebanon are also joining forces with this trend in making unleaded fuel the principal gasoline in the market. For how long can modern Jordan stay behind? Only Syria and Iraq have yet to make similar moves. Even when we talk about costs, the right to life and the right to clean environment are two basic human rights that the rest of mankind is moving fast and effectively to realise.

The price tag on achieving a healthy environment is never too high in the long run. The economic costs of unhealthy eco-system are formidable and no nation can afford to ignore them for too long. We, of all countries which profess deep and unshaken commitment to environment protection, should not lag so much behind in keeping abreast of contemporary standards on health-related issues. Instead we should strive to set an example to the other states of the Middle East.

By Conor Craise O'brien

OPERATION Uphold Democracy would be more accurately entitled Operation Uphold the Democratic Party. At every stage, United States policy to-wards Haiti has been shaped by the perceived needs of the Democratic candidates in the congressional mid-term elections, now less than two months

What might help or hurt the people of Haiti was neither here nor there at any stage. All that mattered was what would help or hurt the Democratic candidates, and so help or hurt the image of President Bill Clinton and his future relations with Congress, which, in turn, are likely to determine whether or not Mr. Clinton will be elected president for a second term. With so much at stake at home, Haiti itself was of no importance at all. But Haiti as a campaign issue became of transcendent importance.

There have been several reasons for the rapid rise in the political fortunes of Haiti-the-issue. First, Americans had shown a lot in any other foreign-policy issue. That was a good reason to change the subject — to move it away from Bosnia. Over Bosnia, the president was being plausibly depicted as a petulant, dithering wimp, and that was hurting the Democratic congressional candidates. On the other hand, if Mr. Clinton stopped being a wimp and sent American boys into Bosnia, there was a strong chance that some of those would be coming back in body-bags, before Nov. 8, and that would hurt the Democratic candidates even worse than the idea of Mr. Clinton being a wimp. There was indeed one idea which, had it been internationally practicable, would have made Bosnia a winner for the Democrats in the congressional election campaign. This was an

fluential Washington think-tank, headed by a former Air Force chief of staff, General Michael J. Dugan. The Dugan plan was for a massive allied offensive against the Serbian aggressors. Not only was all of Bosnia to be liberated, but Serbia was to be occupied,

idea put forward by an in-



Haiti-the-idea out of control

the aggression. In the Dugan plan, the offensive in the air was entrusted to the Americans. The ground troops were to be supplied by the European allies, pri-marily Britain, France and Italy. Unfortunately, the European allies failed to see the advantages of the role assigned to them in the Dugan Grand Design. The designated and indispensable ground troops would do nothing but drag their

So the Dugan option faded, and with it the Bosnian issue as a possible winner for Democratic candidates in the congressional elections. At this point, Haiti-the-issue began to move up the electoral agenda. The idea, as often with the Democrats, was to take a leaf out of the book of trick of that old political conjuror Ronald Reagan.

When Mr. Reagan had found it expedient to cut and run from Lebanon, he won political compensation for that ignominious retreat by invading Grenada, a tiny Caribbean country that in order to ensure that posed no threat whatever there was no repetition of to the security of the United States. This made it the ideal candidate for a casualty-free invasion, on the ground that it did pose a threat to the security of

Haiti is like Grenada in that it is a small; poor country in America's backyard. The "backyard" factor is what makes Haiti not like Lebanon, and not like Bosnia. Also, Haiti's military leaders had made themselves conspicuously obno-xious to the guardians of democratic principle in the hemisphere by chasing their elected president out of the country, instead of just hemming him in and running him, as is standard in the region and in other poor countries. So Haiti became the designated candidate for invasion/liberation, as Grenada had

once been. Yet things have not gone altogether as smoothly over Haiti as they did for Mr. Reagan with Grenada. For one thing, Haiti is quite populous, while Grenada had the conspicuous merit, for its destined role in world history, of having almost no population at all.

Another difference is that whereas Mr. Reagan just went in and proclaimed victory, Mr. Clinton did not, and does not, have the confidence in his authority over public opinion which enables a president to act like that. Mr. Clinton felt the need to prepare public opinion for a possible inva-sion of Haiti, by a propaganda campaign full of de-nunciations of the infamous Haitian regime, and full of

ing people of Haiti. Whereupon large numbers of the said suffering people set out in boats for the land that was said to be brimming with compassion for them. At this point, the arrival in Florida, that populous and politically crucial state, of real fleshand-blood Haitians from actual goegraphical Haiti was beginning to muck up Haiti-the-campaign-issue on which the White House was counting for a perceived foreign policy suc-

compassion for the suffer-

Mr. Clinton therefore ordered the coastguard service to force Haitian boat people back to Haiti. No compelling suffering people to endure again what Mr. Clinton himself had described as the cruel control of an infamous regime. The point was that real-life Haiti must not be allowed to confuse Haiti-the-issue. Yet the confusion was

not easy to eradicate. The

black political establishment, headed by the Black Caucus in Congress, did not like the spectacle of black people being pushed around by armed forces of the United States. Not that the Black Caucus wanted the Haitian refugees to be admitted to the United States. American blacks are no keener than other Americans to welcome a large influx of poor blacks speaking a foreign language (like the Puerto Ricans, between whom and English-speaking blacks there is no love lost). "Don't let them in but stop them leaving" was the mes-sage from blacks and other Americans. So the political signals pointed towards

military intervention. But a politically successful military intervention

would have to be casualtyfree, which could be ensured only through an advance deal with the infamous regime. The deal was duly done, and consummated this week.

The consummation became a bit messy when forces loyal to the infamous regime with which the deal was done beat up supporters of President Aristide, whom the Americans are coming (in theory) to restore. But that was transitional. When the Americans have been there for a while, ground rules of decorum will be established.

Already, the choreography is being prepared for the triumphal return of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide to Port-au-Prince. It will be a pageant of the triumph of Operation Uphold Democracy. Thousands of cheering Haitians will line the streets, watched by benevolent and disciplined police.

Vive Président Aristide! Vive la Démocratie! Vive l' Amérique! Amply re-corded for television in late October, those sights and sounds ought to do wonders for the Democratic candidates come Nov. 8.

But this edifying scene will require the compliance of the military oligarchy; otherwise the police will not be available in their indispensable role as benevolent onlookers. The oligarchy and the Haitian middle class — both of which detest Mr. Aristide will have to be reassured that Mr. Aristide's restoration is no more than a pageant for the cameras. Real power in Haiti will be shared between the oligarchy and the Americans, as long as the Americans are

After the Americans are gone, all power will revert to the oligarchy, behind whatever facades — such a U.N. presence — are convenient both to themselves and the Americans. By then, the American elections will be over and Haiti will revert to being a nonissue. Except that the oligarchy will be required to prevent Haitians from leaving for America.

The author of the Comedians would have loved Operation Uphold Democracy. Graham Greene, thou shouldst be living at this hour! Haiti hath need

The Independent

Major is singing that old 1959 song

By Roy Denman

BRUSSELS — When the Maastricht treaty was finally ratified, European leaders thought with some relief, not least on the part of the British, that they had put off any further debate on the future of Europe until the inter-governmental conference scheduled

But now the cat is out of the bag. Prime Minister Edouard Balladur of France and the German Charativa Democrats have floated the idea, whispered about in Brussels for some time, of an inner group of France, Germany and the BENELUX countries going ahead on their own with economic and monetary union. The debate about the future shape of Europe has been relaun-

So a much-heralded speech by Prime Minister John Major of Britain, on Sept. 7 in Leiden, Netherlands, was awaited with interest. It was a disappointment. The speech addressed the past, denied the present and refused to look to the future. "There is not, and should

never be, an exclusive hard core of countries or of policies." Mr. Major said. He described the early vision of Europe as right for its time, but outdated for the 1990s. And he attacked the European Parliament as nurturing a flawed ambition to become the democratic focus of Europe. It is rare to find so many

illusions woven so deftly together in a single speech

by a head of government. The vision of the founding fathers is not outdated. It is coming true. Walter Hallstein, the first president of the European Commission, spoke of the Community as a three-stage process; customs union, economic union, political union. With the realisation of the single market, the tation of Fant

The Hillsenile cost and uncertainty of separate, fluctuating currencies will not long be tolerated by business or citizens. But a single currency means a single economic policy. This cannot be controlled by non-

elected bureaucrats. There

will need to be a directly elected executive. That will mean the beginning of a federation, necessarily with its own foreign and defence

Proposals for an inner

core do not exclude Britain, or any other country. They simply recognise the fact that not all members of the union are at this stage willing or able to pay the price — in terms of membership in an economic and monetary union.

Those who decline to pay this price are excluding themselves. Yet there remains a typi-

cally British conviction that nothing in Europe can happen without British permis-

This view was best put by an ambassador I once worked for in Bonn. The year was 1959. I rashly suggested to him that Britain might one day join the re-cently formed Common Market. He exploded with indignation: "Her Majesty's government," he thundered, "could never associate itself with this Continental ragtail and bobtail.

That was British policy in 1959. It still seems to be British policy in 1994.

Does Mr. Major really think that in these circumstances Britain - with no voice in the economic, political or defence deci-

sions of the new European superpower - would continue to rate membership in the Group of Seven or permanent membership in the U.N. Security Council?

To attack the European Parliament as "nurturing a flawed ambition to become the democratic focus of Europe" is tantamount to contesting the British Parliament's right to oversee Scottish affairs on the But it was damned impertinent of them to their own."

Scottish affairs on the ground of their own."

Scottish affairs on the ground of their own."

prime minister who has done his homework and has fewer illusions about Europe, Perhaps the general elections, now likely in little more than 18 months,



cautio By Tony A

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al Berge Man forces

What Britain needs is a will provide one — Interna-tional Herald Tribune.



)pponents of }urmese regime autious over talks

By Tony Austin
Reuter

vGKOK — Opponents urma's military govern-t cautiously welcomed first direct meeting for years between the junind opposition leader g San Suu Kyi in Ranon Tuesday.

ne head of a jungleted the talks and called Burma's ruling State and Order Restora-Council (SLORC) to w up with action, while rs cautioned it could be

:laborate bluff. We have said right from start that the way to Burma's problems is ngh dialogue, not with ," Sein Win, leader of exiles, told Reuters. . Sein Win, who has refused a Thai entry and cannot rejoin comiots on the Thaimese border, was

king by telephone Maryland, U.S. ince this is the first ing, we should not set onditions, but they ld give Aung San Suu access to the media,'

irmese state television ed pictures of the ing which it said had 1 place in a cordial sphere at an army house in Rangoon on

was the first time Ms. Kyi, daughter of Bur-: independence hero scal Aung San, had allowed to leave the ound of her lakeside n Rangoon where as been under house since July, 1989, for mpting to endanger

te television and radio no details about the ssion, nor did they w long it had lasted. vision viewers saw - slaxed Sun Kyi talking e generals across a decorated with flow-

slomats in the Burcapital could not imstely be reached for nent on the unex-- : d encounter, between Suu Kyi and junta r General Than Shwe Military Intelligence Lieutenant General

Nyunt. an apparent softening stand on the 49-yearlobel peace prize win-Gen. Khin Nyunt told iting reporter in July the was not considered iemy and the junta was ig "to work hand in with politicians who opposed us in the

sked whether the uncement of the meetiad taken him by surprise, Dr. Sein Win said: "We heard that it was about to happen, before or after the United Nations

Aye Saung, information secretary of the Democrauc Alliance of Burma, an umbrella organisation of guerrilla groups fighting the junta, suggested the SLORC would make political capital out of the

meeting.
"We know nothing about what they discussed but of course the SLORC will get benefit from this, by show-ing the international community this goodwill," he told Reuters by telephone from the Thai-Burmese border.

In a rare departure from its isolation, Burma was invited to attend ministerial talks of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations as the guest of host nation Thailand in July.

Thai Prime Minister Chuan Leekpai, echoing earlier calls by international leaders, used the occasion to urge Rangoon's Foreign Minister Ohn Gyaw to set free Ms. Suu Kvi as the key to solving the rest of his country's problems.

"It was perhaps a onesided meeting," Aye Saung said of Tuesday's talks. "She had no one there to support her or to oversee the meeting. It would be more fair if she was allowed to meet with her supporters and the press," Aye Saung

might be tricked or press-ured in some way," he

A Thai-based Burmese exile, who asked not to be identified, said: "We think it's a bit of a bluff to reduce complaints by the international community in the run-up to the United Na-

Burma is regularly condemned at the General Assembly for alleged abuses, said by human rights groups to include detention without trial, torture, deaths of detainees suppression of ethnic

minorities and forced Sann Aung, health and education minister in Dr.

Sein Win's government-inexile, said it was too early to judge whether Tuesday's meeting was a breakthrough. The parallel government was formed in late 1990 by

political party who won seats in a landslide election victory earlier that year which the SLORC ignored. "If there is genuine political dialogue it is good, but if they just talked about the weather it would be no use," he told Reutes.

members of Ms. Suu Kyi's

dice unit heads for Haiti

atimued from page 1) ident Bill Clinton I Jordan to send police

ang the unit off as boarded a U.S. militrcraft were also Royal Chief Sharif Zeid Shaker, Public Secur-Department Director ral Abdul Rahman Al m, Commander of the

1 and Border Police

Sharif Fawwaz Zaben Abdullah, the Armed Forces inspector general and senior public security

Jordan is among 20 countries which have agreed to field troops in the multinational peacekeeping force in Haiti.

Other countries include Israel, Poland and Bang-

itian forces quit barracks

utinued from page 1)

exchanged, and there unfire," Col. Hartley

separate incident, the ody of an Aristide supwas found Sunday in antytown of Cite Soleil, violent street protests eek in which demons called for the rapid of the exiled presieyewitnesses said. violence in Cap Haind the rioting in Cite

came as a reminder to Inited States that intion in Haiti was a risnture despite signs in st days of deployment me roine smoothly chair just after Defence Secretilliam Perry and his top al John Shalikashvili 1 to Port-au-Prince and imed the occupation of

by more than 10,000

100ps an extraordinary

Senator Sam Nunn, the Georgia Democrat who travelled to Haiti last week with former President Jimmy Carter to negotiate the return of Mr. Aristide with the military leaders who ousted him from power three years ago.

Given the bad luck U.S. troops had in Somalia last year and a U.S. public not entirely convinced as to the necessity of U.S. intervention here, the firefight raised worries of another unpopular U.S. entanglement in the domestic affairs of a develop-

ing country. U.S. forces, dispatched under an agreement reached with Haiti's military junta last Sunday to avert a U.S. invasion of Haiti, are authorised to use their weapons when their safety is threatened and to avert abuses of authority

by Haitian officials. Some 1,800 Marines arrived in Cap Haitien Tuesday and set up a base at the local airport. They were to have been relieved Saturday by

General Assembly

"We are worried that she

tions General Assembly." doubled in price.

man Kris Janowsky. "When

Fears rise for Sarajevo as Serbs tighten grip By Jacques Charmelot

Agence France Presse SARAJEVO - Fears are growing for the people of Sarajevo as the besieging Bosnian Serbs tighten their grip on the city and temperatures start falling with the approach of winter.

Not since the civil war began 29 months ago has the Bosnian capital been electricity for as long as now (nine days by Friday) and basic foods have disappeared from stores or

"The situation is extremely bad, the worst since the beginning of the war, said Ũ.N. High Commissioner for Refugees spokes-

we get real cold weather it is going to be an extremely difficult situation."

The Bosnian Serbs, piqued at the decision of the Serbian government in Belgrade to cut off supplies in retaliation for their refusal to accept an international peace plan, have stepped up their pressure.

Officials of the U.N. Protection Force (UNPRO-FOR) are publicly voicing confidence that negotiations to get the services restored will succeed eventually, but privately they point out that the Serbs have no reason to be mag-

nanimous. On Friday the U.N. Security Council voted to tighten its sanctions against the Bosnian Serbs, while easing those imposed against Belgrade. The main effect of the power cut has been to stop the main pumping station at Bacevo, which supplies the city with 80 per cent of its water. Sarajevans now spend much of their time gathered round standpipes, then staggering hom-

containers or pushing wheelbarrows laden with jerrycans. four kilometres from her home to the brewery district where a diesel-driven pump brings water up from an underground well.

me bowed under the wait of

When the water was cut off, she said she felt overcome by despair. "The only think I wanted to do was sit and cry... but I do what I have to, because there is no

Industry has virtually come to a halt without electricity or gas to power emergency generators. "We have produced no bread for a week," said the head of the municipal bakery, Kemal Mesak.

The city's hospitals cook food for the patients on wood-burning stoves, and only start up the diesel generators for emergency

"What has saved us in not having to treat war casualties," said Kosevo hospital official, referring to the U.N. and NATOimposed ban on heavy weapons within a 20

kilometres exclusion zone. NATO aircraft Thursday attacked a Serb tank which

was in the zone, after first halting the aid airlift into the city. Flights should resume Saturday, Janowski said, but food prices have been reflecting the current tension for some time.

The government set a price ceiling on essential foods, which promptly disappeared from the shelves. Bread, milk, sugar and powdered milk are not to be found. Cooking oil, rice

and salt can be had but at double the fixed price, while 30 eggs cost 12 German marks four times the average monthly salary.

A U.N. civilian staffer, speaking anonymously, pointed out that the Serbs could easily stop the airlift by firing at the cargo

planes, and cut off the supply of black market food entering the city through the tunnel under the airport.

"It would turn Sarajevo into an immense refugee camp and put the inhabitants back in the stone age," he said.

The U.N. employee also pointed out that President Alija Izetbegovic's position is under threat, with memaccusing him of not seeing

what was coming. Morale meanwhile has slumped. The tightening of the siege "has taken away some dignity from the people," Janowsky said. "They are back to the humiliating routine of sitting in the dark with nothing to do."

ATO doubts persist on U.N. strategy on Bosnia

By Angus MacKinnon Agence France Presse

BRUSSELS — Thursday's strike by three NATO warplanes on a Serb tank has relaxed but not eliminated tensions between the alliance and the United Nations over Bosnia-Herzegovina, NATO sources indicated Thursday.

The strike, carried out in retaliation for Serb attacks on French U.N. peacekeepers, was met with a "feeling of relief" in Brussels, where officials of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation have spent weeks trying to push the United Nations into a

tougher line with the Serbs. This was something that was long overdue. We are glad NATO has been able to apply what it sees as its role in moving towards a settlement in Bosnia." one source said.

But others indicated the destruction of an unmanned tank would do little to

remove concerns that the U.N. Protection Force is allowing the Serbs to get away with too much, notably in breaches of the 20 kilometre heavy arms exclu-

sion zone around Sarajevo. "It was at least a demonstration of firmness but there are still a lot of grey areas to be cleared up, one diplomat said. But he added: "We are not clear as to why this target was chosen

A NATO source was even more categoric in insisting that NATO scepticism remains about the U.N. attitude to Serb violations of the exclusion zone around the besieged

"The U.N.'s big mistake was to allow heavy arms into the exclusion zone without reacting. We can't say we are happy with this situation and we can only see it leading to further problems and further provocations," the source said. Diplomatic sources in Paris said they believed Thursday's strike was designed to put extra pressure on the Bosnian Serbs to accept an international peace plan already massively rejected in a re-

ferendum. The sources said the NATO action was all the more necessary now that Bosnian Serb leaders appeared to have opted to defend by going on the attack, a strategy underscored since the apparent loss of support for Bosnia's Serbs from Belgrade.

Since the rump Yugoslavia — Serbia and Montenegro - cut its links with its former allies, the Bosnian Serbs have, as well as redeploying heavy arms in the exclusion zone outside Sarajevo, disrupted the airlift to the beleaguered city. They have relaunched hostilities around the northwestern Muslim enclave of Bihac, and ethnic cleansing has also reappeared in the

A 1991 U.S. State Depart-

ment report alleged that after

U.S.-led forces ousted Iraq

from Kuwait in February

1991 Kuwaitis committed

more than 300 killings as they

pursued foreigners suspected

Kuwait says any killings that took place happened in

U.S. President Bill Clinton, under pressure from Congress, has meanwhile fixed Oct. 15 as the date by which the Bosnian Serbs must accept the peace plan. or face the removal of the arms embargo to favour Bosnian government forces, which are mainly

Muslim. The target of Thurday's strike had been included on a list of heavy arms the Serbs had begun to pull out of the exclusion zone, but it was one of 15 direct attacks on U.N. troops which prompted U.N. Sarajevo sector commander General Andre Soubirou to ask for

NATO retaliation. A U.N. spokesman denied things would have been different if Lieutenant General Sir Michael Rose, the U.N. commander for Bonsia-Herzegovina, who has resisted NATO pressure for a sharper response to Serb violations, had not been out of Bosnia. "General Rose had de-

manded all the warring parties stop their aggressions and refrain from escalating the conflict," the spokesman said.

But NATO sources doubt Thursday's strike will mark a turning point in the approach of U.N. forces on the ground.

"Whether we see more of the same depends what happens on the ground but I don't think this points to anything bigger or wider as far as NATO involvement goes," one source said.

Croatian Serbs meanwhile accused the Croatian army of violating a ceasefire accord reached last March, the Iskra news agency said in a report monitored in Belgrade.

According to sources close to commanders of the self-declared Serb Republic of Krajina, the Croats allowed 16 lorries and some 200 men inside the U.N.created "separation zone" outside Turanj, near Karlovac. southwest of Zagreb. The ceasefire agreement foresees both sides deploying just 75 policemen in the region, home to thousands of refugees who fled to Croatia after inter-Muslim fighting near Bihac, which borders Croatia's Krajina region.

held by Serbs. In a a separate development, Belgrade accused the United States and Muslim countries of foot-dragging over efforts to achieve a peace settlement, the Tanjug news agency reported.

Islamic states, backed by the United States, late Thurday prevented the U.N. Security Council from agreeing when a vote would be held on whether to relax sanctions on the rump Yugoslavia.

Tanjug said the "manoeuvre" would discredit peace moves by the international contact group and encourage supporters of the "military option."

Kuwait activists want more human rights progress

By William MacLean

Reuter

KUWAIT — Kuwaitis could do more to address human rights issues in the emirate, activists say, but they add it can be hard work getting their message widely under-

stood. "I swear to God that the world will respect us more if we say this is wrong and we will correct it'," Ahmad Al Khatib, a veteran opposition deputy, told parliament earlier this year. "We are like ostriches. We

hide our heads in the sand and think the world is not watching." The state for which the world went to war has tripped up at times over human rights since the 1991 Gulf conflict despite marked progress including democratic reforms

tion of an outspoken parliamentary rights committee.

The committee, of which Mr. Khatib is a member, investigates and publicises complaints by Kuwaitis and foreigners with an openness unheard of in other states on the Arabian Peninsula.

A U.S. embassy report on Kuwaiti human rights in 1993 says Kuwait made progress, relaxing residency restrictions on Palestinians from Gaza, making it easier for foreign workers to bring their families to live with them, agreeing to begin investigating the cases of long-term detainees and clamping down on illegal recruitment agencies for domestic servants.

But alleged extrajudicial

killings in the aftermath of the Gulf war continue to

haunt the emirate despite re-

peated government assur-

regrettable but understandable conditions of post-war Incidents subsided after Kuwaiti leaders reasserted control in May but prosecutions have been few, the 1993

of collaborating.

incidents

report said. A court in December, 1993 jailed a former interior ministry official for 15 years of murdering a Lebanese man and his son and trying to kill the man's daughter in March 1991. He remains the only official so far jailed for post-

The 1993 U.S. report said Iraqis, Jordanians, Palestinians. Yemenis and Sudanese (whose countries did not support the coalition war on Iraq) continued to be harrassed and subject to arbitrary

It said it had reports of beatings of detainees in state security detention, although such reports were far fewer than in 1992. Officers found to have used electric shocks on a Kuwaiti detainee were sacked and the man compen-

sated, it said. Kuwaiti officials strongly deny abuse of foreigners or detainees.

for reviving its assembly, en-

offenders.

Embassies report maltreatment of Asian guest workers, but Kuwaitis insist expatriate employers are the main Kuwait has won acclaim

diplomats and analysts say it could do more. "I cannot imagine if the Kuwaitis have really asked themselves if they believe,

and permitting a degree of

free speech rare in the Gulf

including criticism of its own

human rights record. Some

deep in their consciences, in human rights," wrote political scientist Ahmad Al Bagh-

"If the Kuwaiti believed in this ideal, his ideas and behaviour would change. He would become another human

being."
Others differ. "Kuwaitis are conscious that the rights of all, Kuwaitis and non-Kuwaitis, should be respected. Where we differ is how to translate that into practice," said Abdul Redha Assiri, a colleague of Mr. Baghdadi's at Kuwait Uni-

"In any nation coming out of war it is a human reaction to do something against collaborators. But the situation has improved a lot. The image of Kuwait should be re-viewed."

In August 1993 Kuwait restricted human rights monitoring by banning all unlicensed groups including those studying human rights, saying such groups had unspecified poli-

tical motives. The U.S.-based Middle East Watch Human Rights groups said the "closure puts an end to the pioneering work Kuwaiti human rights advocates have played in the

(Gulf)." Kuwaiti officials say the parliamentary human rights committee performs all necessary monitoring func-

IMF and Egypt tussle over pound devaluation

CAIRO (AFP) — The Egyptian government and the International Monetary Fund (IMF) are at odds over demands to speed up reform and devaluate the Egyptian

President Husni Mubarak said Friday: "The devalua-tion of the pound is not planned and is not being stu-

But the IMF insists that a too-strong pound will harm the country's exports, and believes that the currency is overvalued by 25-40 per cent, according to the economic review Al Wekalah.

"The IMF believes that accrued inflation from the last three years and the lack of competitiveness of Egyptian exprots justify devaluation," a Western economic

"Devaluation could be avoided if efforts were made to lower interest rates, boost exports, reform the financial system, speed up structural reform and keep to a strict wage policy," another economist said.

But restricting public salaries is a risky business in Egypt, already under the shadow of Islamic minitant violence spurred on by economic and social inequality. Unemployment stands at 20 per cent, according to U.S. esti-

Cairo and the IMF have been wrestling with a number of issues including devaluation in talks which began nine months ago and have not yet

reached a conclusion. Their negotiations on the 1994-95 financial year are to. continue early October alongside meetings of the World Bank and the IMF in Madrid.

In the meantime the IMF refused to give the go-ahead to Club of Paris creditors' plans to wipe out \$4 billion of Egypt's debt in June.

The sum, amounting to 20 per cent of Egypt's debt to its public creditors, was to be the last slice of a debt reduction promised after it signed on accord with the IMF in

But the IMF says Egypt has delayed an agreed programme of economic reforms. Prime Minister Atef Sedki stressed this week that there was "no disagreement" be-

tween Egypt and the IMF and World Bank, while International Cooperation Minister Yussef Boutros-Ghali said the IMF would give the green light to debt reduction before the end of the year, according to reports in the unofficial

Egypt is in a difficult situation. After large-scale devaluation three years ago, its currency has enjoyed unprecedented stability at 3.3 pounds a dollar.

The central bank has around \$17 billion in reserves, inflation has failen to nine per cent from more than 20 per cent in 1991, and growth stands at around two

But despite such encourag-

ing signs, the economy has not taken off. The most recent available figures, for the 1992-93 financial year, showed a \$5.3 billion surplus in Egypt's balance of pay-ments but the figure is mis-

"It represents the transfer of funds, not a trade surplus," an economist said.

Excluding such transfers and earnings sent back rom 2.5 million Egyptians working abroad — attracted by high interest rates — Egypt's current accounts show an actual deficit of \$3.8 billion, according to a U.S. embassy report

The report cites "the drop in tourism revenue and non-oil exports, and a rise in

Meanwhile the trade deficit rose by 14 per cent to \$7.3 billion, "The absence of significant rise in exports underlines the high rate of the pound...and the low rate of activity in the private sector," the report said.

A lower than \$2 billion a year, non-oil exports "are ridiculously weak for a country of 600 million inhabitants," an economist said.

But Egyptian economists fear devaluation would only lead to soaring inflation again because many products are imported, and damage the confidence of investors without profiting on exports since cotton and oil, Egypt's prin-cipal exports, depend on

U.S. manufacturers ask central bank to keep interest rates steady

NEW YORK (R) — The National Association of Manufacturers urged the federal reserve (Fed) not to raise interest rates again this year for fear it would endanger their prosperity and curtial the hiring of new workers, the New York Times reported in its Sunday editions.

The Times, citing a poll taken by association executives at a three-day meeting, said the association expressed opposition to higher rates just ahead of a Federal Reserve meeting to discuss the economy and whether another rate increase was

The Times said the poll is part of the association's effort to prevent another rate increase that might slow the economy and dampen its members' sales.

Federal Reset policy-makers are to meet Tuesday to discuss the economy.

Expectations on Wall Street of another rate increase — after five increases since early February — play-ed a role in last week's de-

cline of more than 100 points in the Dow Jones industrials and forced market interest rates higher.

Results of the poli were released at a three-day meeting in Washington that was attended by 115 chief executives of large and small companies such as Boeing, the Detroit automakers and small machine shops in the midwest.

The Times said that the executives rarely come out so bluntly against a rate in-But this time, the crease. executives said, higher interest rates would catch them just as their sales are expanding, mostly from the ripple effects of strong home construction and surging auto and truck sales.

But even executives of companies removed from the auto and construction industries expressed concern about

rates, the newspaper said.

In taking this position shortly before a Federal Reserve meeting, the association challenged a basic tenet of the central bank's policy.

While most Fed officials feel rising inflation poses great danger to the economy and should be prevented even at the cost of an economic slowdown, the manufacturers take the opposite view. They even prefer a little inflation, which gives them leeway to. raise prices,

Lawrence Clarkson, a vice president at jetliner manufacturer Boeing, told The Times that higher rates might discourage people from buying airline tickets on credit, just as air travel was rising and airlines might be ready to order new planes.

The manufacturers said that while the Fed's five rate increases this year have not been a problem, the next one could be. So they opposed any further action at this week's meeting or the next one in November.

The Times described the association as a leading Washington lobbyist, one that played a big role in persuading congress to block president Clinton's health insurance proposals.

World Bank: South Asia must deepen reform to sustain growth

WASHINGTON (AFP) -South Asia needs to make more progress in reducing poverty while encouraging free market policies to sustain the high growth rates of the 1980s, the World Bank said Sunday.

"The fundamental challenge facing South Asia is how to continue the high growth of the 1980s, while at the same time achieving further progress in reducing poverty and improving living conditions," the bank said in its 1994 annual report.

South Asia averaged an annual 5.2 per cent economic growth rate in the 1980s, a record exceeded only by de-

HAVANA (AFP) — Cuba

has decided to allow farmers

to sell part of their crops to

fight a growing black market

that has deepened food shor-

tages in this caribbean nation

still struggling with the loss of

Havana hopes that efforts

to ease food and potable wa-

ter shortages and provide

additional public transporta-

tion will slow Cuba's econo-

The embarrassing outflow of 31,000 boat people after an

Aug. 5 riot in the capital

helped spur the government

Cuban Agricultural Minis-

ter Alfredo Jordan

announced Wednesday that

beginning Oct. 1, farmers

who fulfilled their quota of

state sales could take any

excess and sell it legally at

The shift should act as an

"antidote to the black market

and food theft," Mr. Jordan

said Friday. Cuba's leaders also hope

that the move will encourage

farmers to raise crops on idle

farmland and eventually

allow Cuba to produce

enough food that the gov-

ernment can scrap the sub-

sidies which create a huge

Cubans are often hard-

pressed to find sufficient

Even on the black market,

budget gap.

new farmers markets.

its Soviet sponsor.

mic slide.

into action.

Cuba liberalises

agricultural sales to

fight black market

veloping countries in East Asia and the Pacific, the

However, the region is home to nearly half the world's poor and is plagued by "widespread poverty and unacceptably low standards of living for many of its peo-ple," according to the report. In fiscal 1994 the bank

loaned \$2.37 billion to South

Asia. This regional total made up 11.3 per cent of the bank's world-wide lending total of \$20.84 billion. Lending to South Asia in fiscal 1994 decreased by

\$1.046 billion and the bank said it has recently placed less emphasis on the growth of its

quantities of fruits and veget-

Beef, horsemeat, milk,

coffee, tobacco, cocao and

rice are the only products

excluded from the sales.

They will remain rationed

and sold at subsidised prices.

kets will be set by supply and

Prices at the farmers mar-

But the success of the re-

form will depend on the eli-

mination of food rationing

now used in an attempt to

spread the shortages around,

that fuel and other agricultu-

ral inputs will be distributed

to the most productive grow-

ers, and they will be permit-

ted to acquire articles usually unavailable or only sold for

Food shortages are especially bad in Havana, where

15 farmers markets are plan-

ned for the 2.3 million people

living here. Cuba's popula-

The plans for farmers mar-

from 1980-1986. President

Fidel Castro, who took pow-

only enriched the interme-

diaries who bought the pro-

ducts and then sold them in

Another new incentive is

said Mr. Jordan.

scarce dollars.

tion is 11 million.

the cities.

portofolio and more on its The bank attributed its de-

creased lending to greater care exercised by the bank and borrowers "to achieve a higher quality-at-entry for new projects.

several countries had built up reserves and improved their balance of payments status had made adjustment borrowing less necessary.

The bank said the region

faces three major challenges: — To deepen economic reform in order to achieve higher growth and greater economic resilience; - To broaden and en-

hance poverty reduction

efforts: tal sustainability as economic development puts increasing pressure on air, water, and

The report cited tax reforms in India and Pakistan It also cited the fact that and continued fiscal stability in Bangladesh among examples of recent progress, as well as continued privatisation of public sector enterprises in Sri Lanka and Nep-

> "Signalling the confidence of international investors in South Asia's growth potential is the surge in capital flows to the region, particularly for

Sri Lanka and India," the

Bus

Financ

Market

Foreign. Septemb

bank said. On the anti-poverty agen-da, the bank said that although high and sustained

economic growth is essential to reducing poverty, growth alone is not sufficient. The bank emphasised "policies designed to expand output in agriculture and increase employment and earnings in the rural off-farm sec-

"Better access to services particularly basic education, health, nutrition, and family planning - and more effective safety net programmes are essential," the bank

Private bank group urges IMF

WASHINGTON (AFP) - A powerful global bank organisation wants the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to spur developing states and countries in transition to respect their loan repayments with private creditors.

Charles Dallara, managing director of the Institute of International Finance (IIF). has expressed concern with the IMFs continuing provision of funds to countries which have not shown good faith toward the private sector, a veiled reference to

Russia's private debt has climbed to some \$18 billion, including \$3 billion in interest in arrears, according to the IIF, which groups the world's leading private

"We are concerned that the IMF continues to disburse resources to countries in the absence of a clear commitment by them to normalise relations with external creditors," Mr. Dallara wrote in a letter to IMF Interim Committee chairman Philip-

The IMF should return to kets goes well beyond the "peasants markets" allowed its longstanding policy which prevailed until the mid-1980s, he said in a letter ahead of the IMF's annual meeting er in a 1959 revolution, canscheduled to open next celled them arguing that they Thursday in Madrid.

Exceptional circumstances that may have justified the eased policy "no longer exist," Mr. Dallara said.

to spur lagging debtor nations Resuming the tougher poli-cy would acknowledge "that domestic economic reform no matter how effective --will generally not provide a basis for access to global capital markets unless accom-

> due obligations to external creditors," he said. He cited Poland and Ecuador as recent examples of countries which managed their debt and experienced economic growth.
>
> The IMF's role is essential

panied by settlement of over-

if the multilateral institutions want to continue to grant special privileges on private financing in developing countries, he said.

Investment and credit flows to emerging countries veloping countries — are expected to reach roughly \$150 billion in 1994, the IIF said. While below the 1993 level of \$190 billion, these flows are not as low as would have been expected given rising U.S. interest rates.

In addition, Mr. Dallara said, "while emerging market economies' investment needs are growing, their domestic savings have not kept pace."
Mr. Dallara recommended

that the IMF exercise a reinforced surveillance and coordination role on the policies of the Group of Seven.

He said that "a discreet (IMF) dialogue with the private financial community could bring systemic be-

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY SEPTEMBER 26, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: There are no aspects today and it isn't the time to cause ripples in human relations or to try to settle a pending argument that you would like to have resolved. Avoid they you know work against your interests.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) This is a good day to gain the goodwill of those you want to be associated with in th gain their support for your advancement.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be very precise in handling all o your duties today and you can easily add to your present income Show affection for your loved ones. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Today is an ideal day to get into the

recreations which you like the most and enjoy them in the company of good friends and relatives. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Doing something which will make your home more charming is wise today. Invite friends

into your home and entertain them.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Pay compliments to friends who are doing good things and boost their morale. You gain their added good will as well.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Plan how to make your home more charming and valuable at the same time. Take initial steps now to get as much completed as possible. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You feel dynamic today and should contact those you want to impress and get the right results.

Safeguard your reputation. SCORFIO: (October 23 to November 21) Now you can garner the data you need from one who has been recalcitrant in so doing before

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) By doing something special for your loved ones and close friends, you make them happy and improve your social life in the process.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) An influential person can be of real assistance to you today if you contact him/her early in the day. Handle affairs wisely.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) A clever individual can give you suggestions which will help you to make big headway in the future and allow you to be very successful. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Be more exacting in busin deals and get far better results. Arrive on time for any appointme you make either business or personal.

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Jordan Times

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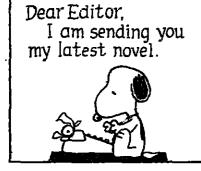
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Birthstone of September: Saphhire - Lapis Lazulli

THE Daily Crossword by Florence C. Adler

Gold & Gems **※DAJANI'S** Jewelry

Peanuts







Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



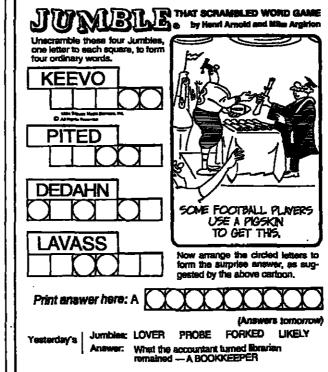








"I don't mean to be self-conscious, Stanley, but do you think my teeth are getting fat?"







Jordan Times Cairo Amman Bank



oreign Exchange Market Summary eptember 19 — September 23, 1994)

AMAN — The dollar depreciated sharply against the yen the end of last week, as it ended 1.14 per cent lower inst the Japanese currency. It, however, rose slightly inst the mark and sterling.

The U.S. unit rose against major European currencies nday, while depreciating slightly against the yen. It ned ground against the mark in view of participants scern over German elections in the middle of next onth. On the other hand, concern that U.S. trade data uld reveal a rise in the trade deficit with Japan, dragged dollar down against the yen.

The dollar declined against the yen and sterling Tuesday, ile rising slightly against the mark. Concern over bable U.S. trade sanctions against Japan reemerged er the U.S. trade deficit with Japan was reported to have in from \$5.52 billion in June, to \$5.67 billion in July, led the dollar's fall against the yen.

On the other hand, the dollar rose against the mark and er European currencies, after many market participants

he U.S. unit retreated modestly against major Euroin currencies Wednesday, in view of news that two ding Wall Street firms have readjusted their expectaas for the Fed's next monetary tightening. The dollar rose against the yen and sterling Thursday, le remaining stable against the mark.

he U.S. unit retreated against the yen and sterling day, while rising against the mark. It fluctuated within row ranges, amid continued concern over the U.S.-an trade talks and the FOMC meeting, scheduled early the next week.

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

Currency	16/9/94 Close	23/9/94 Cluse	Percent Change
Sterling Pound	1.5790	1.5770	(0.13)%
Deutsche Mark	1.5445	1.5488	(0.28)%
Swiss Franc	1.2820	1.2865	(0.35)%
French Franc	5.2810	5.2935	(0.24)%
Japanese Yen	98.95	97.83	1.14 \$

· LSD Per STG		-
Euro-Currency	Interest	Rates
		,

	16/9/	23/9/1994			
Currency	1-Month(%)	t-\ear i%i	I-Month (%)	1-Year (%)	
U.S. Dollar	4.62	5.68	4.75	5.87	
Sterling Pound	5.25	6.81	5.25	7.31	
Deutsche Mark	4.75	5.31	4.81	5.50	
Swiss Franc	3.75	4.43	3.75	4.56	
French Franc	5.31	6.31	5.25	6.18	
Japanese Yen	2.37	2.56	2.18	2.43	

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Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6960	0.6980
Sterling Pound	1.0966	1.1021
Deutsche Mark	0.4492	0.4514
Swiss Franc	0.5404	0.5431
French Franc	0.1313	0.1320
Japanese Yen*	0.7085	0.7120
Dutch Guilder	0.4007	0.4027
Swedish Krona	444727	27447
Italian Lira*	0.0446	0.0448
Belgian Franc · · -	*****	*****

China set to become key trading partner of Arab states

DUBAI, United Arab Emirates (AFP) -- China is set to become a key economic part-ner of Arab Gulf states as it pushes into lucrative regional markets and relies more on Gulf oil, officials have said.

China's exports to the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) have leapt by nearly 15 per cent a year over the past decade and the exchange will continue to grow as it presses ahead with reforms and with its economic recording one of the fastest growth rates.

"We are seeking to boost trade with Gulf states as we continue to open up to other markets." Chinese consul eneral in Dubai, Wen Zhao Xiang, told AFP. "Such trade is already increasing very fast given the rapid economic growth in China and the vast markets in the re-

Mr. Wen disclosed plans to set up a centre in Dubai to supervise trade with the region. He said he had recently discussed the project, which could be called a Chinese Chamber, with Dubai offiAccording to the official news agency WAM, chair-man of Dubai chamber of commerce and industry, Said Al Nabuda, welcomed the project and urged the Chinese to take more steps to bolster trade and economic cooperation with the United

Arab Emirates (UAE). Mr. Wen said the chamber would be one of four centres to be opened by China around the world to boost trade with other countries. He said the plans followed a new trade law in China this

The reforms have enabled China to sharply boost trade with GCC countries — Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Bahrain and the

From less than \$200 million in 1985, two-day trade jumped to \$2.2 billion in 1993, according to official Chinese figures. The 1993 figures were a rise of nearly 46 per cent over 1992 trade of \$1.5 billion.

A surge in Beijing's exports to the six members has turned the trade balance in China's favour, registering a surplus of \$600 million in 1993. The exports included mainly clothes and textiles, foodstuffs, toys, watches and clocks, electrical appliances

and machinery. ... Despite the increase, China's trade with the region is still dwarfed by the Japan-GCC exchange of around \$35 billion in 1993. But its exports have grown much quicker than the Japanese exports to the Gulf.

"We know our exchange is still relatively low but it is growing rapidly. We expect sharp increases in future as the market is steadily growing and we are involved in promotion drives, including participation in fairs," Mr. Wen said.

Several Chinese companies have also set up branches in Dubai's Jebel Ali free trade zone, with another company planning to move in soon to make leather bags for export to Asia, Europe and the United States.

Some 15 construction firms also operate outside the zone. Official Chinese figures showed projects more than \$100 million have been

undertaken in the UAE. China is also a key market for GCC fertilizers and is set to become a major importer of Arab oil due to a steady growth in its consumption.

A high-level Chinese delegation toured Gulf states in 1993 and signed contracts with Saudi Arabia and the UAE for the supply of around 80,000 barrels per day (b/d) of crude. Oman already exports oil to China.

A recent study by the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) said China's oil output was projected to grow to 3.1 million b/d by 2000 while demand will increase to 3.7 million b/d.

This will turn China into an oil importing country by the end of this decade," the study said. "Given future oil production capacities around the world, the Middle East region, especially Arab Gulf countries, will be the main source of crude supplies for China.'

Seoul trying to change negative view of imports

SEOUL (AFP) - Sales of imported cars are slow in South Korea's shielded auto market because of a "widespread negative perception" among consumers, a senior trade official has said.

Trade Minister Kim Chul-Su told the American Chamber of Commerce that his government had aiready presented a concerted programme to change the negative perception.

Mr. Kim cited the negative perception as "the main reason sales of car imports are so slow in this country.

The "perception" issue has been a prime concern for Washington, which blames its slow car exports to South Korea, the world's sixthlargest auto exporter, on high government-backed consum-

The minister also pledged easier market access for foreign autos and other products, saying it would be "obviously important to identify and re-

solve trade frictions as quick-

ly as possible." Mr. Kim's remarks failed to address the particulars of allegations among U.S. and other trading partners of invisible perception barriers put up by the South Korean government, coupled with thinly-veiled threats of tax probes, holding consumers back from buying imported

In June, South Korea offered to reduce import tariffs on autos by two per cent, simplify acquisition tax rates and ease restrictions on foreign auto showrooms and

television advertising. But Washington asked for drastic cuts in tariffs and elimination of invisible trade

barriers. A letter sent last month by U.S. Trade Representative Mickey Kantor raised a storm here because it contained suggestions that South Korean government agencies buy foreign cars as a tactic to overcome the perception

Western diplomats said the Kantor letter outlined several suggestions on how South Korea could let the public know that it was "not unpatriotic," nor would it get them into trouble" should they buy

imported cars. "A more recent — and as yet unresolved - trade friction concerns the opening of

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(South) Korea's automobile market to imported cars," Mr. Kim said.

Meanwhile, South Korean auto makers are grudgingly offering a 1.5 per cent cut in prices on passenger cars under a massive government drive to place curbs on soaring inflation.

The "price-cutting" drive here followed a wave of widespread mark downs in the United States and Japan where prices of many products have been drastically cut as a result of revolutionary and voluntary changes in distribution.

But South Korea has a different rationale, with its price-slashing drive initiated by the government as part of high-handed measures to tame inflation.

"We should be fully prepared for interntaional price competition," Deputy Prime Minister Chung Jai-Suk said with a rosy forecast for brisk industrial performances.

The top economic minister also suggested strong government intervention to force down prices.

Mr. Chung's remarks followed a series of meetings between economic officials and business leaders to solicit cooperation in the pricecutting drive.

The drive started Aug. 23 when Samsung Electronics Co., the flagship of South Korea's most profitable Samsung conglomerate, cut domestic prices of six popular consumer electronics products by up to 10 per cent.

Kuwait to open investment office in Singapore

KUWAIT CITY (AFP) --Kuwait will open an office in Singapore to manage its investments in Asia as it presses ahead with rebuilding its overseas assets that were eroded by the Gulf war, a Kuwaiti official has said.

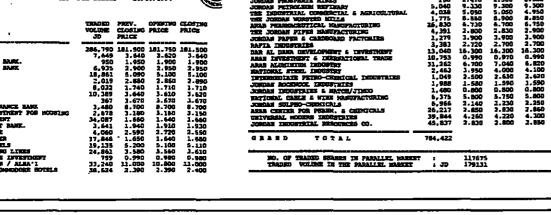
The office will be opened at the end of this year and will help Kuwait "boost ties with Asian companies and seek more investment information," said Ali Al Badr, director of the Kuwaiti General Investment Authority (GIA), which oversees the emirate's state assets abroad.
"This will enable us to up-

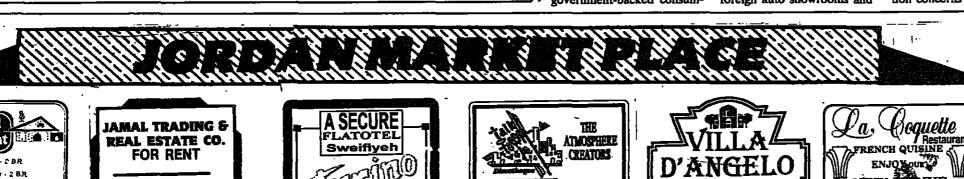
grade management of our investments in the Asian market." he told the Kuwaiti daily Al Qabs.

Kuwait already has a similar centre in London, the Kuwaiti Investment Office, which runs its assets in Britain and other European countries.

Sheikh Badr put Kuwait's overseas assets at between \$40 billion and \$45 billion, less than half the nearly \$100 billion the oil-rich Gulf emirate had abroad before it was invaded by Iraqi forces in August 1990.

Sheikh Badr said Kuwait was making good profits from its investments abroad due to an improvement in foreign stocks, which account for a large part of overseas assets by Kuwait and other Gulf oil producers.





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Hill wins Portuguese Grand Prix

ESTORIL, Portugal — Briton Damon Hill boosted his hopes of winning the world drivers championship Sunday by completing his third suc-pessive victory for Williams in convincing fashion at the Por-tinguese Grand Prix. The 34-year-old English-

man came home just sixtenths of a second ahead of his teammate and fellow-Briton David Coulthard in a faultless demonstration of the Anglo-French's team sup-

remacy.
Hill's win hoisted him to within one point of the suspended championshipleading German Michael Schumacher. Schumacher has 76 points and Hill 75 with three races remaining and Schumacher now free to return to action.

ESTORIL, Portugal (AFP)
— Ferrari have launched a

bitter attack on the rulers of

Formula One, in the wake of

being fined and threatened

with a one-race ban after an

incident involving their

The men, leaving the track

-Friday night after what Fer-

rari said was a 16-hour work-

ing day, found the door through which they had en-

Police, called to the scene

later, alleged the mechanics

kicked in the door and then

threatened a policeman on

duty. Reinforcements were

called and the Ferrari men

were questioned at a local

mechanics.

tered was shut.

police station.

the perfect result in his final race this season for the Wil-

hams team. It was Coulthard's first podium finish and he set a high standard against which Nigel Mansell will be measured when he replaces him for the final three Grand

Finland's Mika Hakkinen, in a McLaren, came home third, nearly 20 seconds adrift of the two Williams men but ahead of promising Brazilian Rubens Barrichello in a Jor-

Jos Verstappen of the Netherlands finished fifth for Benetton to give Schumacher's recently-troubled team some consolation on a day when they were also past by Williams in the constructors champion. Williams now have 89 points to Benetton's

Ferrari mechanics' incident causes row

As a result of the incident,

Ferrari were given a \$50,000

fine Saturday and a sus-

pended one-race ban, pend-

ing the team's behaviour over

Stewards of the Federation

the final three races of the

International de l'Automo-

bile (FIA) imposed the

led: "A very serious prejudi-

cial action against the interest

Saturday claimed the sport's

officials had "a total lack of

credibility" and described the fine as "ridiculous and un-

Ferrari said "the right

thing to do" would have been

But a Ferrari statement

of motor sport."

acceptable."

ment for what they cal-

Briton Martin Brundle finished sixth in the second McLaren to endorse their progress in the second half of the season.

The win was Hill's fifth of the year and the eighth of his career in only his 31st grand prix, an impressive set of

Schumacher, who watched the race on television in Germany, has won nine of his 49 races since making his Formula One debut just over three years ago. The race was dominated by

for Ferrari. Austrian Gerhard Berger, starting from pole position, led for the first seven laps, but had to retire with a gear-box failure which left only

to pull out of the Grand Prix.

"Ferrari will not do this, only

out of respect for motor

sports enthusiasts around the

Describing the episode as "an insignificant incident,"

Ferrari said the penalty "de-finitely shows the state of

confusion and a total lack of

credibility and seriousness in

Formula 1, which has been evident since the start of the

It lodged a formal appeal

against the penalty, and FIA

officials said its reaction

would be taken into account.

could face further penalties

for its open attack on the

Observers said the team

world," it said.

season.

Williams and was a disaster

two cars in it.

Berger's Ferrari teammate
Jean Alesi led for four laps during the first flurry of pit stops but was also forced out earlier than expected after a collision with Australian David Brabham's Simtek

Coulthard always drove forcefully and appeared to be capable of winning himself had it not been for team orders and the need to sup-port Hill's title challenge.

The 23-year-old Scot led after Berger's retirement for 10 laps and also for two after the pit stops, when Barrichello also led for three laps, but handed over the lead to Hill

From there to the finish he stayed on Hill's tail ensuring the two Williams men came home in close formation.



Mystery illness forces extension of race ban

BRISBANE (R) — Australian officials Sunday extended an order banning race meetings in southern Queensland for a further five days in a bid to prevent the spread of a mystery illness which has killed 13 thoroughbred horses.

The order, originally introduced Friday, was renewed following the failure of federal government scientists to determine the identity of the equine illness.

"Horse racing... has been cancelled until midnight Friday while investigations into the fatal outbreak continue," a spokesman for the govern-ment's Department of Primary Industries (DPI) said.

DPI officials also issued an indefinite ban on the movement of all horses, donkeys and mules in the region. Eleven horses have died over the past week at the

Brisbane stables of trainer

Vic Rail, who is himself in a critical condition in hospital with a respiratory illness which has yet to be di-Two horses at a neighbour-

ing stable have also died. All the animals either suffocated or were destroyed after suf-fering a rapid increase of fluid in their lungs.

Queensland Racing Minister Bob Gibbs has said there is no evidence to suggest a link between Rail's illness and the death of the horses.

Sweden beat U.S. 3-2 in Davis Cup

GOTEBORG, Sweden (AP)

— Magnus Larsson stunned
Todd Martin 5-7, 6-2, 6-2, 6-4
Sunday to clinch Sweden's victory over the United States in the Davis Cup fin-

Larsson's win gave the Swedes a 3-2 triumph in the best-of-5 series and a berth against Russia in the finals Dec. 2-4.

Russia upset defending champion Germany in Hamburg to gain the finals for the

Sweden has won the Davis Cup four times, the last one in 1987, and also made four

Larsson, ranked 34th by the ATP tour, made the French Open semifinals this year, but this was easily the biggest win of his career.

Unbelievable it's my best win ever. I can't describe how I'm feeling right now," Larsson said.

sixth-ranked Martin's serve immediately in the second "When I broke him early

in the third I felt I could win it," he said. "I was concentrated but a little bit nervous in the first set. Then I really played well. I got off to a rea good start in both the second and third set."

Larsson broke for a 3-2 lead in the fourth set and he held with relative ease the rest of the way.

It was only the second time Sweden managed to rally af-ter losing both opening singles matches in 61 years in the competition.

Earlier, Pete Sampras re-tired after the first set against Stefan Edberg because of a strained right hamstring, sending the semifinal into a fifth and decisive match.

Sampras' lost the first set 6-3 and then retired after his right knee was examined by Bob Russo, the U.S. team

"I knew I wasn't going to win," Sampras said.

The tall Swede broke the

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UEFA Cup champions Inter Milan, without suspended

jured.

striker Danny Bergkamp, disposed of Fiorentina 3-1, with a double by Uruguay's Ruben Sosa land another by Macedonian Darko Pancev. Argentina's Gabriel Batistuta replied for Fiorentina which keeps him at the top of the scoring chart with five league

AS Roma

take lead

ROME (AFP) — Eduardo Balbo shot AS Roma into

provisional pole position at the top of the Italian cham-

pionship Sunday.

Balbo, who fired home an
18th minute penalty and

added another goal four mi-

nutes later, started off their

4-1 victory at lowly Reggiana.

Luigi de Agostini pulled one back, but Uruguayan Daniel

Fonseca and Francesco

Moriero both scored in the 63rd minute for Roma to kill

Goal differences saw AS Roma take the least from

Parma, who were due to play at Lazio late Sunday even

Juventus managed to beat Sampdoria 1-0 through an Angelo di Livio goal, despite the absence of Portugal's

Paulo Sousa and France's

Didier Deschamps, both in-

off the match.

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in Italy

GOREN BRIDGE

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

As South, vulne **±A106** ♥J10 ♦AQJ872 **48**8 The bidding has proceeded:
West North East Sc
1 ♥ Pass 2 ♥ ?
What action do you take

A.—Despite possession of a six-card suit, the vulnerability is against you and you have the worst distribution possible. Nevertheless, distribution possible. Nevertheless, we would still interpose these dismonds. Chances are that, should two hearts get passed around to partner, North won't have enough to act.

Q.2-As South, vulnetable, you hold:

1984 VQ72 \$9 \$\frac{1}{2}\$Q10532

Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What action disyon take?

A.—Unless you have some agreement for inviting partner to bid game with a club fit, you will just have to bid three no trumphyouself.

Changes are too good that war.

have to bid three no trumpiyourself. Chances are too good that your hand will produce five or six tricks Q.3 Rast-West vulnerable, as South you hold: 27 7953 AK10931 AA102

e? 7953 AK10932 AA102
Partner opens the bidding with one diamond. What do you respond?
A.—If you play forcing jumpraises, a leap to three diamonds describes the hand well and places you perfectly for further investigation. If you play limit mises, you have a problem. We suggest you start with two clubs and follow with a jump in diamonds.

Q.4—Neither vulnerable as Sout you hold: \$EJ2 VE104 \(\) \(\) A865 Your right-hand opponent opens the bidding with one diamond. What action do you take? A.—If you are going to bid with this hand, and we would, it should be safer to do so now rather than later. Our choice is a takeout dou-ble, despite the fact that we are a card short in at least one of the

≜A852 ∇A94 ◊J58 **♣J7**5 The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 Pase 1 Pass

1 NT Pase ?

Whet service do now take?

1 NT Pass?
What action do you take?
A.—Even if your no-trump range is 16-18, partner's auction shows a maximum of 15 points. Therefore, game would be doubtful, and if partner has any less, unfiledy. Dos't endanger a sound partscore by war-

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, yo hod:

44 ♥1095 ♦10752 ♠AK762
The biddding has proceeded:
West North East South
1♥ Dbl 3♥ ?

What action do you take?

A.—To bid or not to bid-that's the question over East's preemptive heart mise. It looks as if partner has a singleton heart, which beans the hands are fitting well, so bid four clubs. That also has lead-directing advantages if either opponent costinues on to four hearts.

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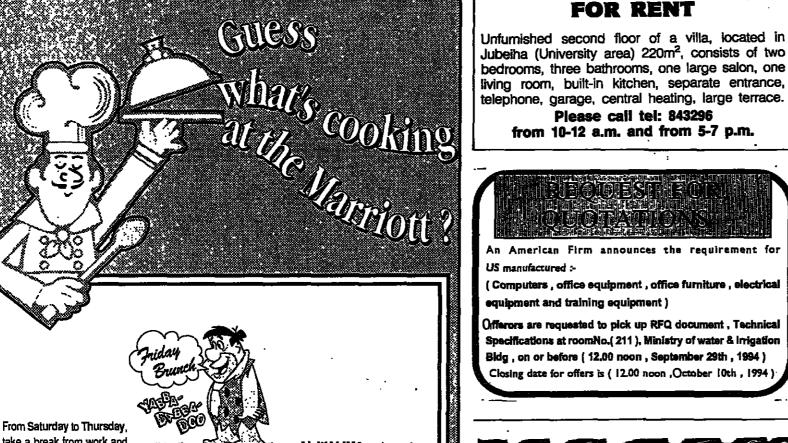
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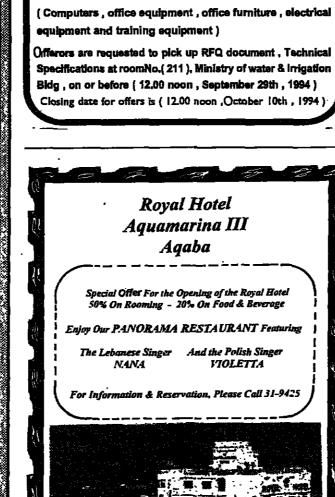
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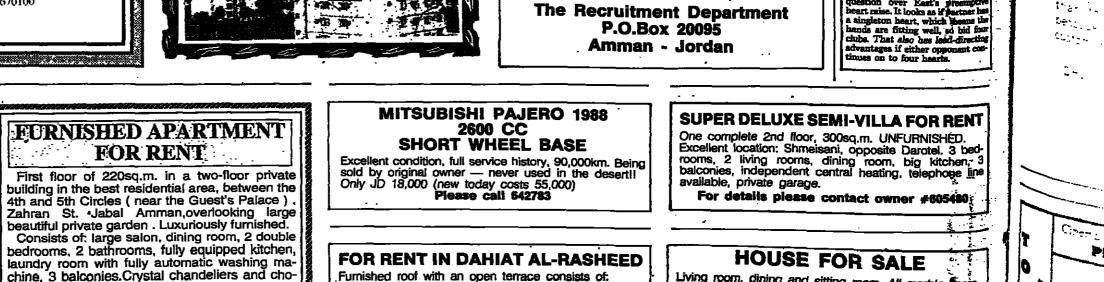
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rakele Pinto, Doerre win in Ital in Berlin Marathon

BERLIN (R) — Portugal's . With seven of the Antonio Pinto overcame a 42.195kms still to run it strong Kenyan challenge to win the 21th running of the Berlin Marathon in a fast time of 2 hours 8 minutes 31 seconds Sunday.

Katrin Doerre of Germany, winner of the London. Marathon for the last three years, won the women's race in a personal best time and course record of 2:25.15.

Pinto, 28, winner of the London Marathon in 1992, ran superbly, dropping Kenyan Samuel Nyangincha two kilometres from the finish line, although Nyangincha still clocked a personal best of 2:08.50, ahead of Spain's Antonio Serrano Sanchez whose 2:09.13 was a national record in his first ever marathon.

looked as though pacemaker Lameck Aguta of Kenya was about to score a major sur-

Aguta, 23, was not sup-posed to go beyond the 30-km point, but instead of stop-ping with his work completed, he applied pressure and opened up an 18-second gap.
Pinto eventually caught
him after 37kms and gradual-

ly broke away himself. The early pace was dictated by German Stefan Freigang, Olympic bronze medallist two years ago. But last year's winner Xolile Yawa of South Africa did not take up the challenge and quickly allowed a 35-second

gap to open between himself

and the leading group.

CORRECTION

A headline in Sunday's issue of the Jordan Times erronece ly read: "Qatar wins marathon event at the 5th International Arabian Horse Home Show." The headline should have read: "The UAE wins marathon event ..." as was reported in the text. The Jordan Times apologises for any inconvenicace caused by the error.

4th Briton fails drug test

LONDON (R) — Another British international athlete has failed a drugs test.

Javelin thrower Colin MacKenzie, ranked third in Britain this season behind world champion Steve Back-ley and Mick Hill, tested positive at a meeting in Italy

in July.
MacKenzie, 31 was told of his failure a few days after returning from last month's European Championships in Helsinki, where he failed to

reach the final. He had already decided to pull out of the English Commonwealth Games team because of a stress fracture to his right ankle.

The test at a minor meeting in Palio della Quercia July 24 showed the presence of the painkiller coproxamol. MacKenzie said he had taken tablets for stress fracture, unaware they contained any hanned substances.

He said he had waived the right to be present at the testing of his second B sample but had still not heard the

The offence carries a three-

tion, said Saturday: "We are aware of this positive test and the matter has been passed on to our drugs advisory group to deal with. Other than that we have no comment to make."

MacKenzie is the fourth British international to fail a test since June.

Diane Modahl, the women's 800 metres runner. and shot-putter Paul Edwards have protested their innocence and await hearings, while sprinter Solomon Wariso is serving a three-Tony Ward, spokesman for month ban after testing posi-the British Athletic Federa- tive for ephedrine.

Croatian president renames team, enrages soccer fans

ZAGREB, Croatia (AP) -A war was fought for Croatia's independence. That doesn't mean the fans of Dynamo Zagreb want the soccer club's name changed to that.

A recent decree by Croatian President Franjo Tudjman changed the 50-year-old name of Dynamo Zagreb to 'Croatia," but the Dynamo fan club, the Bad Blue Boys, rejected the change saying

"history will have the last word on the name of our team."

The name change was order to emphasise the country's independence from Yugoslavia, won after a sixmonth war in 1992 against the Yugoslav army and rebel Serbs that left 10,000 people dead and a third of the republic in Serb hands.

Tudjman appealed to the fan club in an open letter

published Saturday in the daily Slobodna Dalmatija. "With the name 'Croatia,

our soccer team will improve the Croatian reputation worldwide, while 'dynamo' would only remined the Western democratic world that we haven't gotten rid of the Bolshevik and Balkan heritage, Tudjman said. He said he orderd the change "only to abandon such a Bolshevik

Sanchez Vicario captures her first Japanese crown

TOKYO (AFP) - World number two Arantxa Sanchez Vicario brushed aside American Amy Frazier to win the \$400,000 Nichirei tennis

tournament here Sunday. The Spaniard, fresh from winning the Canadian and U.S. Opens beating current world number one Steffi Graf of Germany twice, made it a hat-trick with a convincing

6-1, 6-2 victory. "I think I'm playing my best, I have very good confidence and I'm very happy with my success," said Sanchez Vicario.

"I can be happy I'm getting closer to that spot (number one). I'm not in a hurry, but I'm in the right direction. Hopefully, I can jump to that spot. At the moment, I'm the only player who can catch up with Steffi."

Frazier, wearing the salmon-coloured skirt and white blouse she wore when winning her first title in over two years at Los Angeles last month, found her lucky charm didn't work here.

She mishit several easy shots to lose the fourth game and failed to convert a 40love lead in the sixth before



Arantxa Sanchez Vicario

losing the first set. Breaking serve in the opening game of the second set, Sanchez Vicario then double-faulted to be tied at 1-1, but was never really in danger, letting her errorprone opponent hold only

one more game in the re-

mainder of the lopsided 57-

"Every time, I moved the ball really deep, she was in trouble to hit her big shots but still, I think I player much better," said Sanche Vicario, who has won al three of her encounters with

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Yeltsin, Major report accord on most issues

ingland (Agencies) — Rus-lan President Boris Yeltsin, in route to the U.S. spent the eekend with British Prime Minister John Major in infornal talks touching on Bosnia, he Commonwealth of Indeendent States and Queen hzabeth II's visit to Moscow ext month.

In a joint press conference rior to Mr. Yeltsin's departure for the U.S. here, the wo leaders appeared sur-rised at the scope and frankess of their fourth meeting

this year.

The range of things we alked about could not have een possible a few years igo," said Mr. Major, laudng the "warmth and frankness" and discussions held at his country home. Chequers.

In a setting of informal neetings, meals, walks in the English countryside and frinks at a local tavern, Mr. Yeltsin and Mr. Major had E-Swhat the Russian president zermed a "warm, absolutely "rank and sincere" exchange Treat views.
"We discussed at least two

and a half dozen subjects and we agreed on more than the majority of them," said Mr. Yeltsin. "We have never had such excellent relations."

He lauded the queen's visit lo Russia next month as "absolutely historic and uni-

"It means that Russia has firmly and irrevocably enleted onto a democratic way. That is what is so important about the queen's visit."

Mr. Yeltsin said they discussed at length Russia's intervention to quell ethnic disturbances in neighbouring member states of the Commonwealth of Independent

"We have tried to douse

By Ayman Al Safadi

'ordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Eight political

parties on Sunday accused

he government of launching

ın- anti-media campaign

which applies pressure means

eminiscent of those which

vere used under martial laws

hat were repealed after the

lemocratisation process be-

In a letter to Prime Minis-

er Abdul Salam Majali, the

hight opposition parties also

tharged the government of

employing legislation to serve

its policies at the expense of

the alleged campaign was

targetting political and newly

established newspapers, with

many of these papers refer-ted to court under laws other

than the Press and Publica-

The parties added that the

government was using legisla-

tion to curb the freedom of

expression and forcing the

papers to promote its official

policies at a time "when

those who violate the law by

contacting the enemy are left

dered slander against the

government and any word is

Any criticism is consi-

The opposition eight said

freedom of the press.

tan in 1989.

tion Law.

unpunished."

conflicts in Moldova, in Ossetia, in the Caucasus," he said. We are somewhat surprised that there is no participation on the part of Western coun-

Mr. Major said Mr. Yeltsin had "approached those diffi-culties with a great deal of restraint and a great deal of political courage at home." Mr. Yeltsin was here with his wife, Naina, and Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev. British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd also partici-

pated in the weekend. Neither Mr. Yeltsin nor Mr. Major commented on recent criticism levelled at Russia over a burgeoning traffic in contraband plutonium believed to be originating from nuclear plants of the former Soviet Union.

Mr. Major has been reticent about criticising Russia over the traffic, saying he preferred to deal with the problem through "cooperation, not confrontation."

Mr. Major said he and Mr. Yeltsin had sought to set out a political way forward in the Bosnian problem, which is expected to come to a head next month when the October 15 deadline runs out for the Bosnian Serbs to accept the most recent peace plan.

Britain has tacitly opposed the lifting of a U.N. arms embargo on the Bosnian Muslims, a move Russia appears certain to veto if it comes before the U.N.

Security Council for a vote. In Washington, President Clinton and Mr. Yeltsin are expected to expand the U.S.-Russian security relationship at this week's summit.

The move will involve an initiative to curb "loose" nuclear materials and a pledge that both countries will play a

government of curbing media

interpreted as harmful to

national unity because this

interpretation justifies legal

"(We) demand that the

practice of detaining journal-

ists and referring newspapers

to court are stopped so that

they will not lead to the

elimination of opposition,

something which will deny

cracy," the parties said in the

letter, a copy of which was made available to the Jordan

The opposition groups said

that democracy means the emergence of different view-

points on public issues as well

as equal rights for all, "a just

application of the law and

denunciation of all that is

reminiscent of martial prac-

The parties urged the gov-

ernment to stop all "practices that infringe on public free-

doms and threaten the role of

the press," demanding that

official media allow room for

opposition viewpoints since

these media belong to the

people and the government

had no right to "monopolise

The opposition eight also

demanded that the govern-

in the terror ring. Peled, the

judge, hinted at this, saying

that another suspect, Yaacov

Ben-David of Jerusalem,

would be called as a prosecu-

tion witness when the court

Three other charges were

read against Lt. Edri - di-

vulging military secrets, con-

duct unbecoming an officer

and engaging in military training outside the army.

carries a maximum seven-

year sentence, and lawyers

estimated the combined

charges carried a 20-year

maximum jail term —

ounishments meted.

in prison.

although rarely are such stiff

had confessed to the charges.

Amir, said his client was in-

nocent. He argued that any

confession extracted from his

client was "not worth any-

thing," alluding to past com-

plaints of mistreatment while

Lt. Edri has said he was

kept in solitary confinement

in a rat-infested cell, a burian

bag placed over his head and

that he was denied access to a

Judge Peled said Lt. Edri

Lt. Edri's lawyer, Zion

The weapons charge alone

next convenes on Oct. 11.

the eight parties

Opposition parties accuse

action."

claimed.

role in Europe's future, senior U.S. officials said. In interviews, the officials said while a major focus of the two-day meeting will be burgeoning economic ties, the two leaders will also deal with critical security issues, past and present, a joint statement is planned.

Mr. Clinton comes to their third summit embattled on issues from Haiti to health care and with polls showing he has weak support from the American public. Mean-while, Mr. Yeltsin appears politically resurgent and is presiding over a period of unusual stability in Russia, U.S. officials said.

These officials said it is very likely Mr. Yeltsin will run for a second term, despite earlier pledges to the contrary.

Because of Mr. Yeltsin's relatively strong domestic political position and the deepening U.S.-Russian relationship, U.S. officials said Mr. Clinton is expected to press Mr. Yeltsin to act on some problems that have

long nagged Washington.
These include Moscow's insistence on arms sales to Iran and its resistance to elements of several arms accords, like those dealing with conventional arms and chemical arms.

"The Russians have to come to terms with getting these off the agenda and finding ways so that every other week we don't have some other piece of the bureaucracy raising a problem that sort of stalls things," one senior official said.

"The idea that we can simply not have movement because they cannot deal with the issue is not acceptable and it's a real political problem for us," he added.

ment punish citizens who

violate the law by estab-

lishing contact with Israel and

normalise ties with it, espe-

cially that a committee for

resisting submission and nor-

malisation set up by the eight parties is seen as illegal and

its statements are banned

They said the govern-

ment's ban on publishing

mittee was politically eti-

vated, arguing that the com-

mittee is legal because it is an

aims at preventing views opposed to normalisation of

ties with Israel from reaching

the people," charged the par-

ties, which included the Isla-

mic Action Front, the Arab

Ba'ath Party, the Communist

Party and other leftists and

Unlike the case in earlier

statements, the committee

against submission and nor-

malisation did not sign the

letter. The Press and Publica-

tion Department has said it

was illegal to publish state-

ments made by the commit-

tee because it was not

licensed and any publication

of its activities would violate the press and publication law.

pan-Arabist parties.

The government position

organ of licensed parties.

from publication.

AMMAN (J.T.) - An Is aeli Arab member of wn Prince Hassan's meet-

Israeli Arab pays

tribute to Jordan

tive step in the course of attaining a just peace in the

resents the Arab Democratic Party in the Knesset, said his withdrawal of all Israeli forces from the occupied

Paying tribute to His Majesty King Hussein's role in the peace process. Mr. Sanaa said the King's role had given great impetus to the peace process and stimulated progress on all Israeli Arab tracks of negotiations.

strumental in enhancing mutual confidence which is vital for a just and enduring peace," said Mr. Sanaa who was received in audience by the King at the Royal Court last week.

"The King's initiatives have placed the ball in the Israeli court and I will call on the Knesset to respond favourably to the Jordanian moves towards peace," Mr. Sanaa said.

Mr. Sanaa was reportedly waiting in Jordan for Iraq to let him and a delegation of fellow Israelis to visit Bagh-"We feel that it is our duty

to visit Iraq in a show of solidarity with its people who have been suffering from the consequences of the sanctions, said Mr. Sanaa, adding that the Israeli government opposed the visit.

Mr. Sanaa refused to elaborate on the nature of the contacts with the Iragis if a visa was issued. But he said he could not rule out the possibility of the peace process being discussed during his stay in Baghdad.

No ceasefire but Kabul frontlines quiet KABUL (AFP) — Warring

Shiite factions in southwest Kabul silenced their guns Sunday, although there was no extension of Saturday's temporary ceasefire, a spokesman for Harakat-e-Islami here said. A truce announced Satur-

day for the morning was extended for four hours in the afternoon, "but today there is no ceasefire," said the Harakat spokesman. Harakat and their Shiite

rivals Hezb-e-Wahdat have been fighting for 12 days in a bloody battle which has resulted in more than 2,000 wounded and an estimated 600 to 700 killed, according to hospital statistics from southwest Kabul.

All Kabul hospitals are now filled beyond normal capacity, with extra patients occupying floor space, fore-ign medical aid sources

Iranian Ambassador Ghulam Reza Hadoddi was not available for comment on the results of his meeting with Wahdat leader Abdul Ali Mazari for which Saturday's ceasefire was especially

The Iranian news agency IRNA reported, quoting militia sources in Pakistan. that the rival militias fighting in Kabul have agreed to a ceasefire in the west of the

Sources close to Afghani Hezb-e-Wahdat have announced today (Saturday) in Peshawar ... that with the mediation of Iran's embassy in Kabul the conflicts in the western part of Kabul were halted and the belligerent parties agreed on a ceasefire to come into effect Saturday 24 September," IRNA said on Saturday night. The military forces includ-

ing jets and heavy artillery of Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani have sided with Harakat in this fight while Wahdat is supported by Gulbuddin Hekmatyar's Hezb-e-Islami faction, a rival of Mr. Rabbani.

In south Kabul, Hezb-e-Islami fighters have occupied areas behind Darulaman Palace. They are now pressing the nearby former Russian Scud missile base, but have yet failed to capture.

Mandela meets Prince Edward

son of Queen Elizabeth II. interviewed President Nelson Mandela Saturday for a television documentary, a Sunday newspaper reported. Prince Edward was on a lowkey two-day visit to South Africa to film the interview as part of a television special on the Commonwealth commissioned by an Australian network, the Sunday Times said. The prince, who has his own production company, described Mr. Mandela as "charming and affable man." "But he seems to have a perfectly manic schedule," the prince said. "You really have to look after him better." Mr. Mandela said Prince Edward was a "most pleasant, clear-thinking young man." Prince Ed-ward's brief private visit precedes an official tour in November by the Princess Anne and a state visit by the queen in March next year.

Yeltsin goes to pub during U.K. visit

LONDON (R) - Russian President Boris Yeltsin stopped by at a typical British pub Saturday during a weekend visit for informal talks with Prime Minister John Major. The two leaders and their wives went into the Bernard Arms, an ivy-covered inn, after a walk in the countryside near Chequers, the country house retreat of Britain's premiers. The two couples spent about half an hour drinking beer in the pub before leaving in a motorcade to return to Chequers, television news reports said. Mr. Yeltsin, who appeared to enjoy the experience, waved and gave the thumps-up sign to the passers-by.

USAIR engine loses power on approach

TALLAHASSEE, Florida (R) — A USAIR jet with 94 people on board lost power in one engine as it approached the Tallahassee Airport Friday, but the plane landed without incident, a spokesman for the airline said Saturday. He said USAIR Flight 1141, en route from Charlotte to Florida's capital, was approaching the airport at 12:30 p.m. edt (1630 GMT) Friday when its number one engine shut down, but the pilot maintained control of the airplane and there were no other problems. The spokesman said he believed the Fokker F-100 jet's engine was repaired and back to normal by Saturday after-

Millionaire's gift to Vatican — a hotel

PITTSBURGH, United States (AFP) — The U.S. philantropist John Connelly is to give the Vatican a 132room hotel to house cardinals when they elect popes, a spokesman for the Roman Catholic diocese here said, Mr. Connelly, whose fortune has been estimated at \$370 million by Forbes Magazine, owns companies that run hotels and floating casinos in the eastern and midwestern United States. The spokesman said Saturday that the hotel, yet to be built, would be for the cardinals to use when they elect a new pope, and for the prelates and others in the church at other

Singapore schools to cane pupils if needed

SINGAPORE (R) - Singapore's Education Ministry has reserved the right to cane schoolchildren when appropriate, although most parents and students are against the punishment, a local newspaper said Sunday. Responding to queries from the Straits Times newspaper on the state of discipline in Singapore's schools, the ministry said: "Schools will also not hesitate to cane pupils where it is appropriate. As good discipline is a necessary prerequisite for teaching and learning to take place, the ministry will contimue to enforce discipline inour schools," the ministry

Knesset (MK) on Sunday desc sed His Royal Highness in, n London last week with Israeli opposition Likud Party leader Benjamin Natanyahu as an important and posi-

Middle East. Talab Al Sanaa, who rep-

Airmen

graduate

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein on Sunday presented wings and certificates to commercial pilots who

graduated from the Royal

fordanian Aviation

Academy. The King also presented certificates to

graduates from the Royal Gliding Club and honoured

veteran employees. King Hussein received the

academy's trophy from In-

terior Minister Salameh

Hammad, who is the acting

The graduation ceremony

was attended by Upper

House of Parliament Speak-er Ahmad Al Lawzi, Royal

Court Chief Sharif Zeid

Ben Shaker, His Royal

Highness Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad, Chief Cham-

berfain Prince Ra'd Ben

Zeid and Prince Firas Ben

Ra'd, King Hussein's advi-sors Khalid Al Karaki and

Izzuddin Al Khatib Al

Tamimi, several ministers

and senior government offi-

cials and several ambassa-

minister of transport.

party supported Jordan's drive to ensure a just and comprehensive peace and the Arab lands.

"Our party also supports the establishment of an independent Palestinian state with Jerusalem as its capital." Mr. Sanaa told a press conference here.

"The King's initiatives and

NEWS IN BRIEF

Egypt forces Sudanese plane to land in Cairo

CAIRO (AP) — The civil aviation authority forced a private plane carrying a high-ranking Sudanese official to land Sunday at Cairo airport after it entered Egypt's air space without permission, aviation officials said. The forced landing and payment of a \$200 fine before the craft was allowed to depart follow a series of tit-for-tat measures by Egypt and Sudan as part of a feud over the border enclave of Halaib. Fatch Mohammad Ahmad, state minister for presidential affairs, was returning home from a visit to Turkey when his plane strayed into Egypt's air space, said the officials who insisted on anonymity. One official said forcing down an aircraft was not exceptional, but the action came a week after Egyptian officials complained an Egypt Air flight was held at Khartoum's airport for more than two hours without explanation. An Egyptian ship also was held for 12 days at Sudan's Wadi Halfa port with more than 40 sailors on board for not paying required fees. The ship was allowed to leave Saturday.

Eight reportedly killed in Iran drugs raid

NICOSIA (AP) - Eight drug traffickers were killed this weekend in a shootout with police in Iran's southeastern province of Kerman, according to the Islamic Republic news agency (IRNA). Houssein Mahmoudi of Iran's police anti-drugs squad told IRNA that 250 kilogrammes (550 pounds) of opium were seized during the operation Saturday in Kerman's mountains. He said police suffered no casualties. IRNA said that according to Mr. Mahmoudi the eight bandsmen belonged to the gang of "the notorious criminal" Gholam Shahbakhsh. Police confiscated radio communications equipment, rocket propelled grenade launchers, a rifle, ammunition and "a large amount of medicine and clothings."

israeli team delay departure for Haiti

TEL AVIV (AFP) — The Israeli government delayed the planned departure on Sunday of 30 police officers to join apeacekeeping force in Haiti, officials said. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin decided to hold up what would be the first Israeli deployment as part of an international force to allow time to examine the situation on the Caribbean island. The decision was made before U.S. Marines shot dead nine Haitians on Saturday. Police chief Assaf Hefetz had announced Thursday that the policemen would start their three-month mission in Haiti on Oct. 1 after spending several days in Puerto Rico. The 30 were then to be replaced by a second group.

Rations reduced in Iraq

BAGHDAD (AFP) — The Iraqi government has sharply cut individual quotas of essential food products rationed since the United Nations imposed sanctions on Baghdad in 1990, the official press said here Sunday. Ministers decided to make rations cuts, the first since the embargo was imposed, because of "the economic situation created by the unjust embargo and the lower grain harvest in 1994," press reports said. The Iraqi cabinet has decided that from Oct. 1 each ration card-holder will be entitled to six kilogrammes of flour a month, three kilogrammes less than previously. Rice rations will be cut by one kilogramme to 1.5 kilogrammes a month, the sugar quota will be halved to 750 grammes and allocations of cooking oil will fall by 0.1 litres to 0.65 litres. Individual quotas of tea, detergent, soap and powdered baby milk will not be reduced.

Russian ultranationalist leaves Tunisia

TUNIS (AP) - Russian ultranationalist Vladimir Zhirinovsky wrapped up a two-week vacation in Tunisia late Saturday, insisting he met with officials but was getting a cold shoulder from the president. The right-wing lawmaker, whose visa requests have been turned down by other countries, stayed in the coastal town of Hamamet and said he had "political and financial" contacts with officials in Tunisia and Libya. Speaking to reporters at the Tunis airport shortly before leaving, Mr. Zhirinovsky said he met with officials as a private citizen. Government officials, speaking on customary anonymity, said President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali "did not have the least contact" with the Russian lawmaker. On Wednesday, Norway said it denied Mr. Zhirinovsky a visa because of "threatening and offensive remarks," he made during previous foreign visits, such as threatening Russia's neighbours and insulting minorities. Several other countries have denied him entry, including Germany, France and Switzerland.

Iran stages 'sacred defence week'

NICOSIA (AP) - More than 20,000 Iranian ground troops Sunday culminated three days of manoeuvres in southeastern Iran as part of "sacred defence week," the Islamic Republic News Agency reported. The manoeuvres, code-named Thamen Al Aeme, or the eighth imam, were held in the city of Khash, about 80 kilometres from the Pakistani border, IRNA said. Covering over 2,000 square kilometres, they were the largest manoeuvres yet by the 88th Armoured Division of Sistan-Baluchestan province, according to the state-run news agency, monitored in Nicosia. Chief of Staff Ali Shahbazi said in a speech at the manoeuvres' close that such exercises are the only way to preserve combat readiness against the threat of an investion of the country, IRNA said without elaborating.

Qatar, U.S. ease travel requirements

DOHA (AP) - Qatar and the United States signed Sunday an agreement to facilitate travel between the two countries, the state news agency reported. The Qatar News Agency (QNA) said citizens of both countries can now get 10-year multiple entry visas for purposes of tourism, business, research or medical treatment. The agreement, signed by Foreign Under-Secretary Ahmad Ben Abdullah Al Mahmood and U.S. Ambassador Kenton Wesley Keith, is a result of a recent visit to Washington by the Qatari foreign minister, Sheikh Hamad Ben Jaber Al Thani, QNA

60 refugees paddle rubber rafts to Sweden

GOTLAND (AFP) - Some 60 refugees, most likely from Iran, arrived on the island of Gotland on Sweden's southeastern coast in rubber dinghies on Sunday, Swedish coast guard officials said. Five dinghies with about 10 refugees per boat arrived on the island shortly before midday. A Latvian fishing boat, from which the refugees are believed to have put in the rafts, remained one nautical mile off the coast of Gotland, with an additional 18 refugees and three crew on board. The trawler was towed into the Herrvik harbour by the coast guard. "In total there were about 60 refugees from the trawler. They probably come from Iran, or at least most of them," said Visby police duty officer Reinar Lindgren. "The refugees seem cheery, hale and hearty, consisting of young and middle-aged people and one child," he added.

First Israeli terror suspect pleads innocent at trial TEL AVIV (AP) — The first plastic explosives and court documents suggested that he of a suspected right-wing gave them to another suspect

Jewish terror group went on trial in military court Sunday and pleaded innocent to charges of smuggling explosives out of an army base and illegally training civilians on how to use them.

Lieutenant Oren Edri, 23. is one of 10 Jewish settlers detained since Sept. 2 on suspicion of organising revenge attacks against Palesti-

Two were caught amid plans to shoot an Arab youth on a bicycle in the Jerusalem area, and all are being questioned about possible links to the slayings of four Palestinians since December. Newspapers said they also were planning an attack on Palestine Liberation Organisation APLO) headquarters in Jerusalem, the Orient House. · A military judge at the court in the ancient port of Jaffa read a four-count charge sheet against Lt. Edri, of the Kiryat Arba settlement

near Hebron. The charges were vague, shedding little light on the extent of the alleged terror cell's activities.

The judge, Colonel Mordechai Peled, accused Lt. Edn of stealing a block of

Turkish army in furious drive

TUNCELI, Turkey (R) -Turkish helicopter gunships pounded rebel Kurds in the rugged Munzur mountains on Sunday, the fourth day of an offensive to flush out some 3,000 separatist guerrillas from the eastern province of Tunceli.

Witnesses said Super Cobra gunships fired rockets, and U.S.-made Sikorksy helicopters ferried in reinforcements, including elite special forces, in a furious drive to knock out units of the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) and capture their regional commander.

The offensive appeared an effort to put teeth into recent claims by Prime Minister Tansu Ciller and other top officials that Ankara had virtually finished off the Kurdish rebels. At least 12,900 people have died in the 10year-old insurgency.

Despite the army's fire-

power rebel casualties appeared to be low, however. Figures from the operation were confused, but military officials and local residents said at least 16 people — 10 rebels, three soldiers and lawyer for more than a week. I three villagers — had died.



BAHRAN PRETORIA (AFP) — Britain's Prince Edward, third

Volume 18 26 killed in plane crash MOSCOW AF central Sibe-Sengers. amergen The ministra C a chised the short-hair which was

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